SIMPLE Surface

CLASSIC Surface





CORE V2 IMPLANTS

Cylindrical implant with internal hexagon in Titanium Grade 4 for the submerged technique with Double Acid Etching (DAE) surface.

The internal hex connection is still the most versatile prosthetic connection mechanism for both screwed and cemented prostheses.

The morphology of the CORE V2 implant, i.e. coil pitch, implant core, neck and hexagon diameter, meets the most established mechanical standards with longterm follow-up.

The CORE V2 implant has atraumatic apexes and discharge apical millings that make it self-centring.

The CORE V2 implant is made according to the dictates of the latest literature with particular attention to the reduction of the peri-implant bone loss developed according to the following concepts of new technology and macrogeometry:

- BICUSPID THREAD

- MINIMUM COMPRESSION IN DENSE BONE
- SWITCHING PLATFORM
- SINGLE PROSTHETIC PLATFORM





CLASSIC Surface

TDE Surface





K-CORE V2 IMPLANTS

Hexagonal Titanium Grade 4 conical implant for the submerged Double Acid Etching (DAE) technique.

The internal hex connection is still the most versatile prosthetic connection mechanism for both screwed and cemented prostheses.

The conical morphology of the K-CORE V2 implant, very aggressive coil pitch, conical implant core, neck and hexagonal diameter, tends to compact the medulla during implant insertion and the large flatbase thread preserves its stability.

Recommended in post-extractive sites and in the upper teeth.

The K-CORE V2 implant is made according to the dictates of the most recent literature, paying particular attention to the reduction of the perimplant bone loss cone developed according to the following concepts of new technology and macrogeometry:

- ATRAUMATIC APEX
- LARGE THREAD
- SWITCHING PLATFORM
- SINGLE PROSTHETIC PLATFORM





CORE V2 AND K-CORE V2 MATERIALS AND SURFACES

RAW MATERIALS AND PRODUCTION

Bio Implant devices are manufactured using raw materials that are appropriately selected, tested and certified for medical use. Dental implants and prosthetic components are made exclusively of grade 4 titanium and grade 5 titanium alloy (Ti6Al4V), both of which comply with international standards (ASTM F67, ASTM 136) and are universally known for their excellent biocompatibility and mechanical properties.

Kristal uses the latest generation of CNC lathes for its production, which guarantee micrometric tolerances. Because of the importance of accuracy and compliance with design specifications, each production batch undergoes several 100% checks: both visual and by means of appropriate instrumentation.

SURFACE TREATMENTS

In order to further improve the surface properties of titanium, Kristal envisaged the implementation of various treatments on the implant surface, which can effectively accelerate and promote the osseointegration processes. Implants must regularly pass strict inspections aimed at checking not only the level of cleanliness of the implants but also the morphological and topographical characteristics and the chemical composition of the surface, which will form the interface with the bone tissue. Regular analysis involves assessing the (quantitative and qualitative) chemical composition of the most superficial layers (5 nm depth) using XPS and observing the superficial morphology under a scanning electron microscope.



DECONTAMINATION AND CLEAN ROOM PACKAGING

To ensure excellent cleanliness levels, the devices undergo a rigorous decontamination process which involves several washes to remove all contaminants from the surface. The reproducibility of the treatment and the optimisation of the process parameters allow this decontamination technique to be used with high quality standards on devices with complex geometry.

Decontamination, as well as the subsequent assembly and packaging stages, take place in an ISO 6 clean room, which ensures that the most delicate phases of the production process are carried out in an environment with particulate contamination control, which is constantly kept at pre-set levels in line with the current regulations. Our in-house cleanroom is one of Bio Implant's strong points, as all activities carried out there are governed by strict operating procedures and performed by highly qualified staff.

STERILISATION

Sterilisation, one of the few outsourced activities, is carried out by a certified supplier. The implants are sterilised by gamma irradiation with a nominal dose of 25KGy; the efficiency of the process and the presence of a sealed package, which acts as a microbiological barrier, guarantee that its sterility and its conditions kept intact over time (5 years shelf life).

HANDLING THE IMPLANT

The implant is directly taken from the sterile vial with direct handpiece or contra-angle connectors. The Ø 2.9 mm implant keeps its pre-assembled mounting device that allows the operator to pick up and insert the implant using the manual or contra-angle screwdriver.

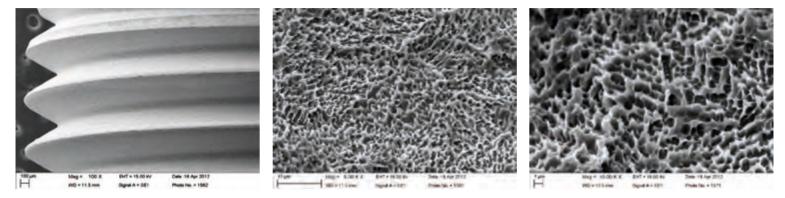


CORE V2 AND K-CORE V2 SURFACES



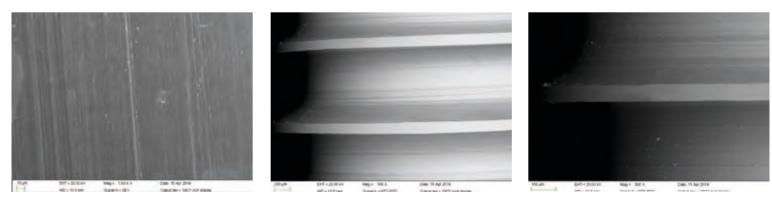
Titanium and its alloys have always been considered as materials of choice in dental implantology due to their excellent biocompatibility features and their behaviour with biological tissues. Seeking to further improve their properties, biomedical research developed a series of surface treatments that accelerate and promote osseointegration.

CLASSIC AND TDE



The signature surface treatment of this line of products, Double Acid Etching (DAE), is available in two versions, Classic and TDE. The two versions simply differ in the height of the treatment level: TDE has a whole treatment, Classic excludes a portion of the neck leaving it stained. The surface has a micro rough surface morphology that increases the contact surface between bone and implant and reduces the waiting time for applying loads. Obtained through a subtractive process of double acid etching, this type of treatment provides the typical microtopography that is the basis of modern implant surfaces. The surface irregularities are separated by micrometric distances, which makes them extremely efficient in platelet activation and retention of the clot in the implant site. The three-dimensional texture of this surface acts as a highly efficient sponge, which retains the growth factors and ensures a fast and favourable course of the bone healing process.

SIMPLE



Kristal is proud to present the Simple surface that recalls the tradition and reliability of **partially treated** implant surfaces. The **Simple** surface is available for a selection of implants in the Core V2 line and aims to meet the demand for an easily cleanable surface in the event of bacterial infection and in the presence of peri-implantitis in the most appropriate way.

The **Simple** surface is decontaminated using Argon plasma and then packed in a clean room environment. The characteristics of the surfaces obtained in this way are constantly controlled thanks to modern technologies that allow us to document their undisputed quality.

CORE V2 AND K-CORE V2 A SINGLE PLATFORM FOR ALL IMPLANT LINES

INTRODUCTION OF THE BIO IMPLANT CORE V2 AND K-CORE V2 LINES

KRISTAL is proud to introduce the Core V2 and K-Core V2 internal hex implant solutions.

The term V2, which means "second version", is intended to symbolise the transition from the historic and reliable Bio Implant line with internal hexagon to a revised and updated one that meets the current needs of dentists and dental technicians.

The "V2" line, in fact, marks the achievement of Bio Implant's maturity: with unique features, it summarises the best knowledge in the field of implant prosthetics.

The Core V2 and K-Core V2 lines are the result of the development of mechanical concepts that are well established in the dental world and set the benchmark for implant surgery in terms of quality, ergonomics and a fair price.

The lines feature implants with variable incremental diameters all with the same platform and implant connection, to facilitate their use during the prosthetic stages.

Core V2 and K-Core V2 implants have a single prosthetic connection for all implant diameters, except for the CORE V2 Ø2.9 and K-CORE V2 Ø3.5 which have their own platform, allowing the interchangeability of prosthetic components.



THREE EMERGENCY PROFILES FOR A BETTER PROSTHETIC SOLUTION

The prosthetic components are available in three different configurations (Narrow NR - Regular RG - Wide WD) with three emergence profiles to best meet the different aesthetic and functional requirements. The addition of new prosthetic components adapted to new dental technology completes the line, making it versatile in its applications.



BENEFITS

- Same prosthetic platforms on all diameters (excluding CORE V2 02.9 and K-CORE V2 03.5 implants).
- Mount-free implant with ergonomic direct screwdriver which acts as driver and carrier (CORE V2 02.9 and K-CORE V2 03.5 implants are supplied with an attaching device that can be used as a transfer pick-up and straight abutment - MTA³).
- Available with Double Acid Etching (DAE) surface:
- Classic (glossy neck),
- TDE surface (complete treatment),
- Simple Surface (variable treatment quota as a function of height).

- Extended range of available diameters and lengths.

- Interchangeable prosthetic components, available in three configurations:

NARROW

REGULAR

WIDE





CORE V2 Implant Ø 3.5 mm and K-CORE V2 Implant Ø 3.8 mm





CORE V2 K-CORE V2 SURGICAL PROCEDURES

INDICATIONS FOR IMPLANT TREATMENT

The Bio Implant implant-prosthetic was designed with innovative features for treating single, multiple and complete edentulism. The operating method and instrumentation are designed to achieve that particular intimate contact between bone tissue and implant. which we know as osseointegration.

GENERAL PROTOCOLS FOR THE APPROACH TO IMPLANT THERAPY ANAMNESIS:

- Health status of the patient
- Patient motivations and expectations with regard to implantology
- Patient habits: smoking, alcohol use any other bad habit
- Parafunctions
- Oral hygiene skills
- Residual dental and periodontal condition
- Occlusal condition of the patient

A correct assessment of these factors is a key factor for a basic predictability of the result. The presence of severe dysmetabolic diseases such as particular forms of diabetes, or dysmetabolic forms of calcium-phosphorus exchange, serious forms of osteoporosis, localised dimensional insufficiency of bone tissue, make the patient unsuitable for implant treatment

Heart diseases, kidney failure, use of anticoagulants or haemophilia and allergies may be limiting factors for the use of implants or, in any case, they are all cases to be carefully assessed and followed up with the branch specialist.

RADIOGRAPHIC AND CLINICAL EXAMINATION

- Appropriate radiographic investigations (intraoral X-ray-orthopantomography-CAT SCAN) in order to analyse the skeletal features of jaws
- Dimensional ratios of face, smile and aesthetics
- Study models and diagnostic wax-ups

A distinction should be made:

- Complete edentulism
- Partial edentulism
- Position of the alveolar nerve - Maxillary sinus and nasal cavities
- Anterior edentulism - Distal edentulism
- Atrophies
- Nasopalatine nerve
- premaxillary interactions

DRAWING THE IMPLANT PROJECT

Based on the elements collected during the objective examination and instrumental investigations, it is advisable to draw the planned implant project also with the help of a panoramic X-ray, indicating in addition to the measurements of the chosen implant, the thickness and height of the alveolar ridge. The resulting drawing will allow an immediate overview of the patient's situation both to re-evaluate the case in the period before and during the procedure.

CONTRAINDICATIONS TO IMPLANT TREATMENT

- Recent high-dose radiotherapy
- Psychological disorders
- Altered metabolism
- Lack of motivation
- ANY mucous and bone lesions should be treated
- before placing the implants
- Post-operative treatment

Pharmacological therapies are administered at the clinician's discretion. Rinses with chlorhexidine 0.2% products, an ice pack on the outside of the treated area (on the cheek) at 10 to 15 minute intervals can reduce post-operative oedema. Have regular check-ups with a specialist

PREPARATION OF THE SURGICAL SITE - PERFORATION TECHNIQUE

The implant site preparation technique must be performed in a way that is atraumatic to the bone tissue. In particular, it is important to remember that during perforation, the heat produced must not exceed a temperature of 43°C. as this would trigger a process of denaturation of the proteins in the bone tissue with a consequent negative outcome for the healing of the site itself: in fact, the subsequent necrosis and formation of fibrous connective tissue would compromise osseointegration leading to the loss of the implant. Correct preparation of the implant site is achieved by sequential passes of calibrated drills with incremental diameters, using controlled speeds and irrigation with physiological solution. The drills must be driven by a contra-angle handpiece connected to a micromotor and an implantology unit with torque control, which allows adjustment of the rotation speed of the drill and operation of the irrigation pump in a sterile circuit.

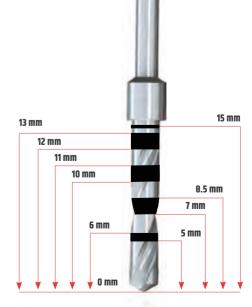
TABLE OF SUGGESTED SPEEDS

| INITIAL DRILL | Ø 2 мм DRILL | DRILL |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 800-1000 rpm | 200-600 грт | 200-300 rpm |
| COUNTERSINK 100-200 rpm | TAPPER 30 rpm 40-70 Ncm | IMPLANT 15-40 rpm 25-45 Ncm |

MAIN FEATURES **OF BIO IMPLANT DRILLS**

Bio Implant developed the technology required for producing very high quality rotating instruments:

- High-impact cutting bit with triple sharpening with differentiated corners
- Laser technology for coding the millimetric markers for a better visibility
- Increased resistance of cutting bit





USE OF THE COUNTERSINK WITH DEPTH STOP FOR CORE V2

Countersink with depth stop - Image 1

The use of the countersink with depth stop is recommended for flush implant placement (Classic and Simple surfaces).

Countersink without depth stop - Image 2

The countersink without depth stop allows implants to be placed below the cortical surface. The countersink should be used after the end drill and inserted until the marker is no longer visible.

TDE implants MUST be inserted with the COUNTERSINK WITHOUT DEPTH STOP.

TA2 DEVICE (PICK-UP TRANSFER / STRAIGHT ABUTMENT)

Ti Gr4 device that can be used as a transfer for the pick-up technique, using the dedicated screw and as a temporary straight abutment. Screws are included in the sales package.



| | NARROW | REGULAR |
|-----------|----------------------|---|
| CODE | V2 TP MD NR | V2 TP MD RG |
| CORE V2 | Ø 3.5 mm / Ø 3.75 mm | Ø 4.2 mm / Ø 4.7 mm / Ø 5.2 mm |
| K-CORE V2 | Ø 3.8 mm / Ø 4.2 mm | 0 4.5 mm / 0 5.5 mm |
| | CORE V2 | CODE V2 TP MD NR CORE V2 Ø 3.5 mm / Ø 3.75 mm |



Image 1

Countersink with depth stop



Image 2 Countersink without depth stop



used as Transfer Pick up TA2 device used as Temporary straight abutment

TRANSFER SCREW

| | PLATFORM | |
|---|----------|-----|
| | 0 3.4 | |
| ł | Ø 3.5 | VTT |

TITANIUM PROSTHETIC SCREW (LABORATORY)

| PLATFORM | 1 PCS. | 4 PCS. |
|----------|--------|----------|
| 0 3.4 | VTP 29 | VTP 29-4 |
| Ø 3.5 | VTP | VTP-4 |

DEFINITIVE TITANIUM PROSTHETIC SCREW (DLC-COATED HEAD)

| PLATFORM | | |
|----------|---------|--------|
| 0 3.4 | VTPD 29 | |
| 0 3.5 | VTPD | VTPD-4 |







IMPLANTS AND INDICATIONS CORE V2 INTERNAL HEXAGON CYLINDRICAL IMPLANTS

CORE V2 cylindrical implants are available with two different surface types: **SIMPLE - CLASSIC Surface**

| DIAMETERS | | | | SIMPLE | CLASSIC |
|---|-----|-------------|--|--|--|
| | No. | COLOUR CODE | TOTAL HEIGHT | CODE | CODE |
| CORE V2 Ø 2.9 Neck Ø 3.4 mm Coils Ø 2.9 mm Platform Ø 3.4 mm Apex Ø 2.3 mm | | • | 8.5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 13 mm 15 mm | - - - - - | V2 IC 2985-C V2 IC 2910-C V2 IC 2912-C V2 IC 2913-C V2 IC 2915-C |
| CORE V2 Ø 3.5 Neck Ø 3.8 mm Coils Ø 3.5 mm Platform Ø 3.5 mm Apex Ø 2.6 mm | | | 8.5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 13 mm 15 mm | V2 IC 3510-S V2 IC 3512-S V2 IC 3513-S V2 IC 3513-S | V2 IC 3585-C V2 IC 3510-C V2 IC 3512-C V2 IC 3513-C V2 IC 3515-C |
| CORE V2 Ø 3.75 Neck Ø 4.2 mm Coils Ø 3.75 mm Platform Ø 3.5 mm Apex Ø 2.8 mm | | • | 7 mm 8.5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 13 mm 15 mm | V2IC3785-S V2 IC 3710-S V2 IC 3712-S V2 IC 3713-S V2 IC 3715-S | V2 IC 3770-C V2 IC 3785-C V2 IC 3710-C V2 IC 3712-C V2 IC 3713-C V2 IC 3715-C |
| CORE V2 Ø 4.2 Neck Ø 4.5 mm Coils Ø 4.2 mm Platform Ø 3.5 mm Apex Ø 3.3 mm | | | 7 mm 8.5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 13 mm 15 mm | V2 IC 4285-S V2 IC 4210-S V2 IC 4212-S V2 IC 4213-S V2 IC 4213-S V2 IC 4215-S | V2 IC 4270-C V2 IC 4285-C V2 IC 4210-C V2 IC 4212-C V2 IC 4213-C V2 IC 4213-C V2 IC 4215-C |
| CORE V2 Ø 4.7 Neck Ø 5 mm Coils Ø 4.7 mm Platform Ø 3.5 mm Apex Ø 3.7 mm | | | 7 mm 8.5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 13 mm 15 mm | V2 IC 4785-S V2 IC 4710-S V2 IC 4712-S V2 IC 4713-S V2 IC 4715-S | V2 IC 4770-C V2 IC 4785-C V2 IC 4710-C V2 IC 4712-C V2 IC 4713-C V2 IC 4715-C |
| CORE V2 Ø 5.2 Neck Ø 5.5 mm Coils Ø 5.2 mm Platform Ø 3.5 mm Apex Ø 4.2 mm | | | 8.5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 13 mm | - - - - - | V2 IC 5285-C V2 IC 5210-C V2 IC 5212-C V2 IC 5213-C |





| CORE V2 Ø 2.9 | CORE V2 Ø 3.5 | CORE V2 Ø 3.75 | CORE V2 Ø 4.2 | CORE V2 Ø 4.7 | CORE V2 Ø 5.2 |
|---------------|------------------|----------------|---|---|---|
| • | ٠ | • | • | • | • |
| • | • | • | • | • | • |
| • | • | • | • | • | • |
| • | • | • | ٠ | • | • |
| • | • | • | • | • | • |
| CORE V2 Ø 2.9 | CORE V2 Ø 3.5 | CORE V2 Ø 3.75 | CORE V2 Ø 4.2 | CORE V2 Ø 4.7 | CORE V2 Ø 5.2 |
| • | • | • | • | • | • |
| • | • | • | • | • | • |
| • | • | • | • | • | • |
| • | ٠ | • | ٠ | • | • |
| • | • | • | • | • | • |
| | • • • • | | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | Image: Construction Image: Construction | · · |

• Optimal use

Not recommended use

Discretionary use

h mm





HEALING ABUTMENT

| PLATFORM | TRANSMUCOSAL HEIGHT | NARROW | REGULAR | WIDE |
|----------------|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Ø 3.5 (single) | h 2 mm | V2 PGNR2 | V2 PGRG2 | V2 PGWD2 |
| | h 4 mm | V2 PGNR4 | V2 PGRG4 | V2 PGWD4 |
| | h 6 mm | V2 PGNR6 | V2 PGRG6 | V2 PGWD6 |

| PLATFORM | TRANSMUCOSAL HEIGHT | STANDARD PROFILE |
|---|---------------------|------------------|
| Ø 3.4 (for CORE V2 implants Ø 2.9 and K-CORE V Ø 3.5) | h 2 mm | V2 PG292 |
| | h 4 mm | V2 PG294 |
| | h 6 mm | V2 PG296 |

CORE V2 SURGICAL PROCEDURES



CORE V2 Ø 2.9 *

Key:

1 initial drill

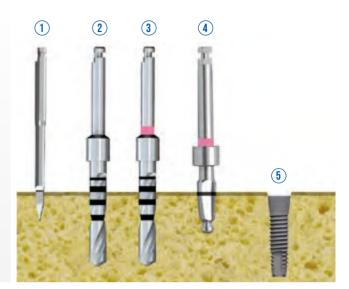
2 Ø 2 mm drill

3 Ø 2.5 mm end drill

4 Ø 2.9 mm countersink drill

5 implant insertion

Note: Use the tapper if required in D1-D2 bone before placing the implant





CORE V2 Ø 3.5 *

initial drill
 Ø 2 mm drill
 Ø 2.8 mm end drill
 Ø 3.5 mm countersink drill
 implant insertion

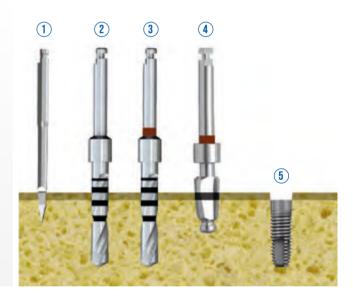
Note: Use the tapper if required in D1-D2 bone before placing the implant

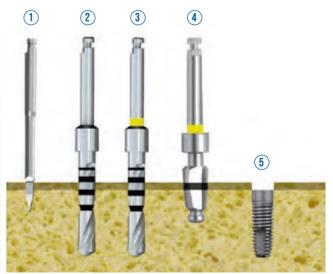


CORE V2 Ø 3.75 *

- Key:
- initial drill
 Ø 2 mm drill
- **3** Ø 3 mm end drill
- (4) Ø 3.75 mm countersink drill
- **5** implant insertion

Note: Use the tapper if required in D1-D2 bone before placing the implant









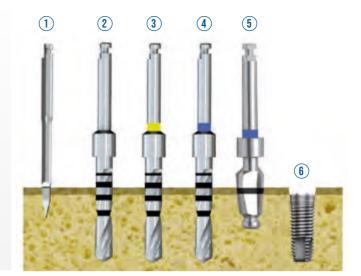
CORE V2 Ø 4.2 *

Key:

1 initial drill

- **2** Ø 2 mm drill
- **3** Ø 3 mm drill
- **4** Ø 3.65 mm end drill
- **5** Ø 4.2 mm countersink drill
- **6** implant insertion

Note: Use the tapper if required in D1-D2 bone before placing the implant





CORE V2 Ø 4.7 *

Key:

- 1 initial drill
- 2 Ø 2 mm drill
- **3** Ø 3 mm drill
- **4** Ø 3.85 mm end drill
- **5** Ø 4.7 mm countersink drill
- **6** implant insertion

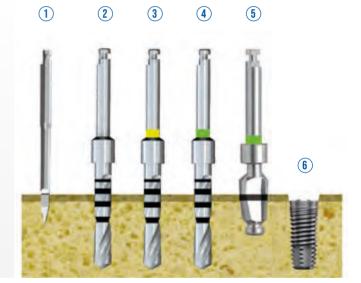
Note: Use the tapper if required in D1-D2 bone before placing the implant

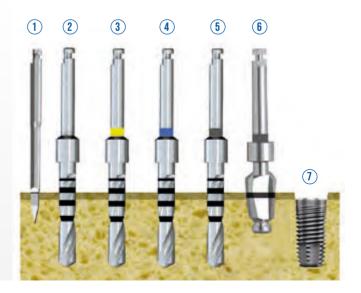


CORE V2 Ø 5.2 *

- Key:
- 1 initial drill
- **2** Ø 2 mm drill
- **3** Ø 3 mm drill
- **4** Ø 3.65 mm drill
- **5** Ø 4.20 mm drill
- **6** Ø 5.2 mm countersink drill
- 7 implant insertion

Note: Use the tapper if required in D1-D2 bone before placing the implant





IMPLANTS AND INDICATIONS INDICATIONS FOR K-CORE V2 INTERNAL HEXAGON CONICAL IMPLANTS

K-CORE V2 conical implants are available with two different surface treatments: **CLASSIC - TDE Surface**

| DIAMETERS | | | CLASSIC | TDE |
|-------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| K-CORE V2 Ø 3.5 | COLOUR CODE | TOTAL HEIGHT | CODE | CODE |
| Neck Ø 3.5 mm | | 10 mm | V2 IK3510-C | - |
| Platform Ø 3.5 mm | | 12 mm | V2 IK3512-C | - |
| Apex Ø 1.6 mm | | 13 mm | V2 IK3513-C | - |
| - | | 15 mm | V2 IK3515-C | - |
| 11.1 | | 8.5 mm | V2 IK3885-C | |
| K-CORE V2 Ø 3.8 | | 10 mm | V2 IK3810-C | V2 IK3810-T |
| Neck Ø 3.8 mm | | 12 mm | V2 IK3812-C | V2 IK3812-T |
| Platform Ø 3.5 mm | | 13 mm | V2 IK3813-C | V2 IK3813-T |
| Apex Ø 1.6 mm | | 15 mm | V2 IK3815-C | V2 IK3815-T |
| | | 17 mm | V2 IK3817-C | |
| | | 8.5 mm | V2 IK4285-C | |
| K-CORE V2 Ø 4.2 | | 10 mm | V2 IK4210-C | V2 IK4210-T |
| Neck Ø 4.2 mm | | 12 mm | V2 IK4212-C | V2 IK4212-T |
| Platform Ø 3.5 mm | | 13 mm | V2 IK4213-C | V2 IK4213-T |
| Apex Ø 1.8 mm 🦉 | | 15 mm | V2 IK4215-C | V2 IK4215-T |
| | | 17 mm | V2 IK4217-C | |
| K-CORE V2 Ø 4.5 | | 10 mm | V2 IK4510-C | V2 IK4510-T |
| Neck 0 4.5 mm | | 12 mm | V2 IK4512-C | V2 IK4512-T |
| Platform Ø 3.5 mm | | 13 mm | V2 IK4513-C | V2 IK4513-T |
| Apex Ø 2.2 mm | | 15 mm | V2 IK4515-C | V2 IK4515-T |
| | | | | |
| K-CORE V2 Ø 5.5 | | 10 mm | V2 IK5510-C | V2 IK5510-T |
| Neck Ø 5.5 mm | | 12 mm | V2 IK5512-C | V2 IK5512-T |
| Platform Ø 3.5 mm | | 13 mm | V2 IK5513-C | V2 IK5513-T |
| Apex Ø 2.9 mm | | 15 mm | V2 IK5515-C | |

IMPLANTS AND INDICATIONS INDICATIONS FOR K-CORE V2 INTERNAL HEXAGON IMPLANTS

| UPPER | Ø 3.5 | Ø 3.8 | Ø 4.2 | Ø 4.5 | Ø 5.5 |
|--|-----------|---------|--------|--------------|-------|
| CENTRAL INCISORS | • | • | • | • | • |
| LATERAL INCISORS | • | • | • | • | • |
| CANINES | • | • | • | • | • |
| PREMOLARS | • | • | • | • | • |
| MOLARS | • | • | • | • | • |
| LOWER | Ø 3.5 | Ø 3.8 | Ø 4.2 | Ø 4.5 | Ø 5.5 |
| CENTRAL INCISORS | • | • | • | ٠ | • |
| LATERAL INCISORS | • | • | • | • | • |
| CANINES | • | • | • | • | • |
| PREMOLARS | • | • | • | • | • |
| MOLARS | • | • | • | • | • |
| Optimal use Not | recomment | ded use | 😑 Disc | cretionary u | ISE |

IMPLANTS AND INDICATIONS HEALING ABUTMENT



| TRANSMUCOSAL Height | NARROW | REGULAR | WIDE |
|------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| h 2 mm | V2 PGNR2 | V2 PGRG2 | V2 PGWD2 |
| h 4 mm | V2 PGNR4 | V2 PGRG4 | V2 PGWD4 |
| h 6 mm | V2 PGNR6 | V2 PGRG6 | V2 PGWD6 |

| PLATFORM | TRANSMUCOSAL HEIGHT | STANDARD PROFILE |
|---|---------------------|------------------|
| | h 2 mm | V2 PG292 |
| Ø 3.4 (for CORE V2 Ø 2.9 and K-CORE V2 Ø 3.5 implants) | h 4 mm | V2 PG294 |
| | h 6 mm | V2 PG296 |

IMPLANTS AND INDICATIONS SURGICAL PROCEDURES





K-CORE V2 Ø 3.5 *

 Key:

 1 initial drill

 2 Ø 2 mm drill

 3 Ø 3.5 mm drill

4 Ø 3.5 mm tapper(5) implant insertion

Note: Do not use the tapper in the presence of poor quality bone (D4)



K-CORE V2 Ø 3.8 * Key:

initial drill
 0 2 mm drill
 0 3.8 mm drill

4 Ø 3.8 mm tapper**5** implant insertion

Note: Do not use the tapper in the presence of poor quality bone (D4)



K-CORE V2 Ø 4.2 *

Key:
initial drill
Ø 2 mm drill
Ø 3.8 mm drill

| 4 Ø 4.2 mm drill |
|-------------------|
| 5 Ø 4.2 mm tapper |

6 implant insertion

Note: Do not use the tapper in the presence of poor quality bone (D4)



K-CORE V2 Ø 4.5 *

 Key:

 1

 initial drill

 2
 0 2 mm drill

 3
 0 3.8 mm drill

 4
 0 4.2 mm drill

5 Ø 4.5 mm drill

6 Ø 4.5 mm tapper

(1) implant insertion

Note: Do not use the tapper in the presence of poor quality bone (D4)



K-CORE V2 Ø 5.5 *

 Key:

 1
 initial drill

 2
 0 2 mm drill

 3
 0 4.2 mm drill

 4
 0 4.5 mm drill

(5) Ø 5.5 mm drill
(6) Ø 5.5 mm tapper

(1) implant insertion

Note: Do not use the tapper in the presence of poor quality bone (D4)











 \star For the TDE surface, place the implant at least 0.5 mm below the bone crest.

The indications given in this section are not intended to replace the necessary training and knowledge of operators, nor their personal experience.

CORE V2 K-CORE V2 PROSTHETIC COMPONENTS

Prosthetic components, with the exception of the Ø 3.4 platform (fuchsia), come in three different configurations and three different colours as specified below:





NARROW (symbol:NR) with bronze colouring



REGULAR (symbol: RG) with yellow colouring



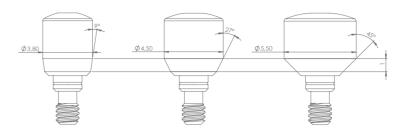
WIDE (symbol: WD) with green colouring

IMDI ANTO

The NARROW line has a "narrow" emergence profile, suitable for the rehabilitation of crowns with the same characteristics (lower incisors, premolars)

The REGULAR line has a "medium" emergence profile suitable for the rehabilitation of crowns with the same characteristics (upper incisors, canines, premolars)

The WIDE line provides a "wide" emergence profile suitable for the rehabilitation of crowns requiring the same characteristics (molars)



Each line includes transfers and abutments with the same emergence profile (Narrow, Regular and Wide) in order to condition soft tissue healing, impression taking and prosthetic restoration. It is therefore mandatory to use all components belonging to the same "configuration": healing abutment, impression transfer and abutment. The use of a configuration of mixed components (NR-RG-WD) is not recommended.

RECOMMENDED USE OF PROSTHETIC COMPONENTS



COLOUR CODING

For Core V2 and K-Core V2 lines, the colour coding is the following:

- Colouring of the labels displayed on implant packaging and prosthetic components
- Colouring of prosthetic components based on emergency profiles (narrow - regular - wide)
- Application of colour rings on dedicated drills

| IMPLAN15 | | |
|----------|-----------|---------|
| CORE V2 | K-CORE V2 | COLOUR |
| Ø 2.9 | Ø 3.5 | FUCHSIA |
| Ø 3.5 | Ø 3.8 | BRONZE |
| 0 3.75 | Ø 4.2 | YELLOW |
| Ø 4.2 | 0 4.5 | BLUE |
| Ø 4.7 | - | GREEN |
| Ø 5.2 | Ø 5.5 | GREY |

PROSTHETIC COMPONENTS

| PROFILES | COLOUR |
|----------|---------|
| Ø 3.4 | FUCHSIA |
| NARROW | BRONZE |
| REGULAR | YELLOW |
| WIDE | GREEN |

PICK-UP TECHNIQUE IMPRESSION TRANSFER (OPEN TRAY)









| | | 11 | |
|----------------|------------------|---------|---------|
| PLATFORM | NARROW | REGULAR | WIDE |
| Ø 3.5 (single) | V2 TPNR | V2 TPRG | V2 TPWD |
| PLATFORM | STANDARD PROFILE | | |

Ø 3.4 (for CORE V2 Ø 2.9 and K-CORE V2 Ø 3.5 implants)

V2 TP29

material

- After removing the healing abutment or the provisional prosthesis, carefully place the transfer onto the implant ensuring that it is housed correctly, tighten it with the transfer screw to lock it in its position.
- Test the individual tray size for interference when inserting and removing the tray.
- The individual tray, which the laboratory will have previously
- perforated at the implants' position, may need further adjustments to eliminate any interference during positioning and removal of the tray itself.
- Fill the tray with the chosen material and place it carefully in the mouth, taking care that the transfer screws protrude from the holes drilled in the individual tray.
- After the impression material is settled, unscrew and remove the

PULL-UP TECHNIQUE IMPRESSION TRANSFER (CLOSED TRAY)





transfer screws and remove the impression following the axis of

insertion; the transfers will remain embedded in the impression

| PLATFORM | NARROW | REGULAR | WIDE |
|---|------------------|---------|---------|
| Ø 3.5 (single) | V2 TSNR | V2 TSRG | V2 TSWD |
| PLATFORM | STANDARD PROFILE | | |
| Ø 3.4 (for implants Ø 2.9) and K-CORE V2 Ø 3.5 | V2 TS29 | | |

- After removing the healing abutment or provisional prosthesis, carefully place the transfer onto the implant, ensuring that it is seated correctly and tighten it with the specific screw to secure it in place.
- After the material is settled, remove the tray following the axis of insertion; the transfers will remain anchored to the implants.
- Remove the transfers by unscrewing the specific screw and deliver them to the laboratory, separated from the impression.
- The laboratory will place a laboratory analog corresponding to

the implant used on each pull-up transfer and then place the assembled transfer and laboratory analog in the impression. It will then develop the master model according to the chosen technique.

- Choose the standard tray, try it without material to ensure that there is no interference and continue with impression.
- PICK-UP REMOVABLE IMPRESSION TRANSFER



| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|-------------|----------|
| Short | V2 TSF-S |
| Standard | V2 TSF |
| | |

LABORATORY ANALOG



| PLATFORM | UNIQUE | |
|----------------|------------------|--|
| Ø 3.5 (single) | V2 AL | |
| PLATFORM | STANDARD PROFILE | |
| 0 3.4 | V2 AL29 | |

Note: Reusing the analog several times is not recommended

CORE V2 K-CORE V2 PROSTHETIC COMPONENTS



PEEK ABUTMENT FOR PROVISIONAL SOLUTIONS

| PLATFORM | NARROW | REGULAR |
|----------------|-----------|---------|
| Ø 3.5 (single) | V2 MPNR-P | MPRG-P |

TITANIUM CYLINDER WITHOUT ROTATIONAL HEXAGON*



| PLATFORM | NARROW | REGULAR |
|--|------------------|------------|
| Ø 3.5 (single) | V2 CPNR-TR | V2 CPRG-TR |
| PLATFORM | STANDARD PROFILE | |
| Ø 3.4 (for Ø 2.9 implants, for CORE V2 implants Ø 2.9 and K-CORE V2 Ø 3.5) | V2 CP29-TR | |

TITANIUM CYLINDER WITH NON-ROTATIONAL HEXAGON



| PLATFORM | NARROW | REGULAR |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| Ø 3.5 (single) | V2 CPNR-T | V2 CPRG-T |

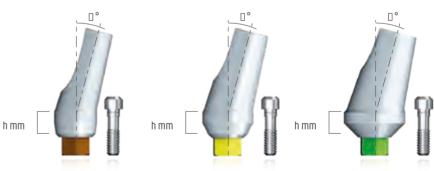


FINISHING TITANIUM ABUTMENT *

| PLATFORM | HEIGHT | SINGLE |
|----------------|---------|---------|
| Ø 3.5 (single) | h 9 mm | V2 MF9 |
| | h 10 mm | V2 MF10 |
| | h 11 mm | V2 MF11 |







PRE-ANGLED TITANIUM ABUTMENT *

| PLATFORM | ANGLE | HEIGHT | NARROW | REGULAR | WIDE | |
|---|--------|--------|------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | 15° | h 2 mm | V2 MANR2-15 | V2 MARG2-15 | V2 MAWD2-15 | |
| | | h 4 mm | V2 MANR4-15 | V2 MARG4-15 | - | |
| Ø 3.5 (single) | 250 | h 2 mm | V2 MANR2-25 | V2 MARG2-25 | V2 MAWD2-25 | |
| | 25° | h 4 mm | V2 MANR4-25 | V2 MARG4-25 | - | |
| PLATFORM | ANGLE | HEIGHT | STANDARD PROFILE | | | |
| 0 3.4 (for | h 2 mm | | V2 MA292-15 | | | |
| CORE V2 Ø 2.9 and K-CORE V2 Ø3.5 implants) | 15° | h 4 mm | V2 MA294-15 | | | |

CORE V2 K-CORE V2 PROSTHETIC COMPONENTS





CALCINABLE ABUTMENT*

| CONNECTION | NARROW | REGULAR | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| with hexagon (non-rotational) | V2 MCNR | MCRG | |
| without hexagon (rotational) | V2 MCNR-R | | |
| PLATFORM CONNECTION STANDARD PROFILE | | | |
| CUNNECTION | STANDARD PROFILE | | |
| with hexagon (non-rotational) | МС29 | | |
| without hexagon (rotational) | MC29-R | | |
| | with hexagon (non-rotational) without hexagon (rotational) CONNECTION with hexagon (non-rotational) | with hexagon (non-rotational) V2 MCNR without hexagon (rotational) V2 MCNR-R CONNECTION with hexagon (non-rotational) MC | |

ABUTMENT FOR BONDING*

| PLATFORM | CONNECTION | REGULAR |
|----------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| | with hexagon (non-rotational) | V2 MI |
| Ø 3.5 (single) | without hexagon (rotational) | V2 MI-R |



For the fabrication of full crowns made of lithium disilicate and/or feldspar, the calcinable cylinder modelled with scan wax can be used. The crowns thus obtained must be bonded to the Titanium cylinder with dedicated cements.



ABUTMENT FOR BARS*

It enables the fabrication of anchoring structures for removable prostheses on implants.

It consists of three components suitable for providing anchorage bars for overdentures:

- small titanium base with anti-rotational connection - calcinable cannula
- through screw

Indications for use:

- Place the titanium bases on the model at the implant sites, screw the calcinable cannulae onto the bases and carry out the modelling and casting the finished structure.
- Once the structure is made, place the titanium bases on the implants, checking the accuracy of the engagement and continue with the screwing of the anchorage bar.



CALCINABLE ABUTMENT COBALT CHROME BASE

PROCESSING

The CoCr cast-on abutment and its calcinable portion consist of a metal cast-on alloy base and a calcinable cap. The white calcinable part can be cut and shortened as required. If a part of the white calcinable material is left untouched, it should be in any case covered with a thin layer of wax in order to avoid possible cracks in the coating due to the expansion of the material when the cylinder is overheated. Customisation and modelling will be carried out in the usual dental technique using wax or calcinable resins. The calcinable portion is deliberately separated from the metal portion to allow wax to be poured into it in a very fluid form, so as to perfectly trace the closing edge between the two components. In order to avoid the classic line between the two metals after casting, a "seam" by laser welding of the two metals should be taken in consideration; it is important to keep the minimum wall thickness above 0.4 mm. The connection and closure portion between the abutment and the implant must be absolutely free of any resin, wax or grease residues in order to avoid any cast-on in this area, which must not be affected by the new metal.

COATING

It is advisable to use only phosphate-bonded, i.e. gypsum-free, coatings suitable for casting metal-based alloys. Air bubbles must not form during the casting of the coating, as these can create defects or points of reduced mechanical strength.

PREHEATING

It is good practice to follow the instructions of the coating and alloy manufacturer, whose directions/advice are the result of experience and research, so it is worth following them. The final temperature must be maintained: a 3x cylinder must be kept at temperature for 45 minutes to ensure that the casting is complete in all its parts.

MELTING OR CASTING

To avoid problems with the metal base, avoid going above 1390°C during casting.

COOLING

Allow the cylinder to cool to room temperature, because too rapid cooling may lead to stresses in the metal and thus problems.

CYLINDER OPENING

After the temperature has fallen, carry out the opening of the cylinder: gently remove the coating, possibly with the help of glass beads, with a maximum pressure of 2 bar; higher pressures may change the connection of the CoCr base and make it less accurate. Never use hydrofluoric acid to remove the coating! Never sandblast the implant connection.

FINISHING

Once cast, abutment can be finished with ceramic-bonded stones/discs or cross-tooth tungsten carbide burs. To protect the connection during finishing, the abutment must be mounted on a laboratory analog. Never use hydrofluoric acid to remove oxides! Use cotton discs for a final polish.

AESTHETIC COATINGS

If the abutments are to receive an aesthetic cover, look at the particularities of the ceramic (CET value) and the alloy. This alloy has a melting point between 1360 and 1390 °C. To ensure that the ceramic is compatible with the Co-Cr abutment, it must have a coefficient of expansion of no less than 14.1 x 10-6 cm/cm/°C at 500 °C. An incorrect selection of the ceramic type may lead to cracks and thus also to crown fracture. Use ceramics with coefficients of expansion greater than 13.8 x 10-6 cm/cm/°C.

SIDE EFFECTS

In rare cases, allergies or hypersensitive reactions to the metal alloy cannot be excluded. Always tell your dentist the type of abutment and the alloys you are using.

| | ISO 5832-12 | Min IPD | Max IPD |
|---------------------------|-------------|---------|---------|
| Traction resistance (Mpa) | >1172 | 1377 | 1428 |
| Elastic Limit (Mpa) | >827 | 998 | 1030 |
| Elongation (%) | >12 | 14 | 22 |
| Hardness (HRC) | | 45.9 | 46.6 |



| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|---|
| FA-BN-00 | CrCo base abutment with straight castable cylinder |
| FA-BN-01 | CrCo base abutment with straight rotational castable cylinder |
| FA-TR-00 | Prosthetic screw with CrCo base straight (spare) |
| PH-20-25 | Screwdriver hexagon Ø1.20 H.25 |
| ADMA | Manual adapter for contra-angle keys |



| CODE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|---|
| FA-BN-10 | CrCo base abutment with 15° angled castable cylinder |
| FA-BN-11 | CrCo base abutment with rotational 15° angled castable cylinder |
| FA-TR-50 | Prosthetic Screw Angled CrCo Torx Base (Spare) |
| KA-CT-25 | Screwdriver tip Torx L.25 |
| ADMA | Manual adapter for contra-angle keys |

CORE V2 CAD-CAM COMPONENTS



SCAN-BODY/SCAN-ABUTMENT

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| For Toronto | SBT |
| For CORE V2 Ø2.9 and K-CORE V2 Ø3.5 | V2SB29 |
| Narrow | V2SB |



TI-BASE CORE V2

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|--|------------|
| For CORE V2 Ø2.9 and K-CORE V2 Ø3.5 (rotational) | V2 TB 29-R |
| For CORE V2 Ø2.9 and K-CORE V2 Ø3.5 (rotational) | V2 TB 29 |
| Narrow (rotational) | V2 TB NR-R |
| Narrow (non-rotational) | V2 TB NR |
| Toronto | TBT |



CAD CAM ANALOGS - CORE V2

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|---|-------------|
| for CORE V2 Ø2.9 and KCORE V2 Ø3.5 implants | V2 AL 29-CC |
| Ø3.5 mm (single) | V2 AL-CC |
| for Toronto | ALT-CC |





V2 PREMILLED

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|--|----------|
| Platform Ø3.4 mm (for CORE V2 Ø2.9 and KCORE V2 Ø3.5 implants) | V2 PR 29 |
| Platform Ø 3.5 mm | V2 PR |

CORE V2 K-CORE V2 LOCATOR[®] ATTACHMENTS



LOCATOR® ATTACHMENT

Locator is a resilient attachment for endo-osseous implants. The Locator system is suitable for correcting disparallelisms in prosthetic rehabilitation by means of total or partial overdentures. Use on a single implant is not recommended.

| PLATFORM | HEIGHT | CODE |
|----------------|--------|----------|
| | h1mm | FA-LN-01 |
| | h 2 mm | FA-LN-02 |
| Ø 3.5 (single) | h 3 mm | FA-LN-03 |
| | h 4 mm | FA-LN-04 |

Ideal tightening torque: 30 Ncm

ACCESSORIES

| DESCRIPTION | | CODE |
|--|--|-----------|
| TRANSFER LOCATOR Pack of 4. | | PD-8505-4 |
| LOCATOR LABORATORY ANALOG Pack of 1. | | PS-AR-OO |
| - | ÷ | |
| | and entry to be considered and a solution of the solution of t | |
| | | |





LOCATOR ATTACHMENT KIT®

Blister packs containing each: 1 plastic spacer ring, 1 steel cap, 1 black laboratory attachment, 3 coloured plastic attachments in 3 different retentions

STANDARD ATTACHMENTS

For implants with 10° to 20° divergence disparallelisms between the two implants.



Standard Kit (BLUE, GREY, TRANSPARENT attachments)

KA-CL-O2



For implants with 20° to 40° divergence disparallelisms between the two implants.



Extended Range Kit (green, red, orange attachments)

CODE

KA-CL-03

MEASURES

Replacement Locator® Standard attachment - Pack of 8.



Cod. KA-CL-10

Blue Retention 680 g



Cod. KA-CL-11

Retention 1360 g



Transparent Retention 2268 g





Replacement Locator® Extended attachment - Pack of 4.

Green Retention 1360 g (20° inclination) Retention 1814 g (40° inclination)





Red Retention 226 g (20° inclination) Retention 453 g (40° inclination)

Cod. KA-CL-04



Orange Retention 907 g (40° inclination)

Cod. KA-CL-05

CODE 8514 KA-CL-OO

31

| DESCRIPTION |
|---------------------------------------|
| Replacement spacer ring - Pack of 20. |
| Replacement metal cap (Ti) |

Locator® is a registered trademark of Zest Anchors, Inc. San Diego - USA



CORE V2 K-CORE V2 BALL ATTACHMENTS



BALL ATTACHMENT

| PLATFORM | HEIGHT | NARROW |
|--|------------------|------------------------|
| | h 0 mm | V2 PSNRO |
| a 25 (circle) | h1mm | V2 PSNR1 |
| Ø 3.5 (single) | h 2 mm | V2 PSNR2 |
| | h 4 mm | V2 PSNR4 |
| | | |
| PLATFORM | HEIGHT | STANDARD PROFILE |
| PLATFORM | HEIGHT h 0 mm | STANDARD PROFILE PS290 |
| | | |
| Ø 3.4 (for Ø 2.9 implants, for CORE V2 Ø 2.9 and K-CORE V2 Ø 3.5 implants) | h 0 mm | PS290 |

Ball Attachment Ideal tightening torque: 30 Ncm

SCREWDRIVERS* RECOMMENDED FOR TIGHTENING THE BALL ATTACHMENT

| MANUAL / RATCHET | CODE |
|------------------|---------|
| Stainless steel | AV26M-N |
| CONTRA-ANGLE | CODE |
| Stainless steel | AV26CA |

Can be used to screw straight Toronto Abutment and Ball attachment.



RHEIN CAPS (NORMO)

Pack of 6 pcs. per colour

<u>32</u>



Pink soft retention 900g 40CC001



Yellow extra soft retention 500g 40CC002



Green elastic retention 350g **40CC003**



Grey standard retention 1300g 40CC004

RHEIN CONTAINERS

Pack of 2 per material



40CC005



Titanium 40CC006

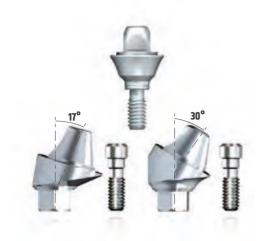
Stainless steel

CORE V2 K-CORE V2 TORONTO COMPONENTS

A

B

C





TORONTO TITANIUM ABUTMENT*

| MEASURES | CODE |
|---|----------------|
| CORE V2 Implants on a Ø 3.5 (single) platform | |
| Straight - h 2 mm | V2 MT 2 |
| Straight - h 4 mm | V2 MT 4 |
| Angled 17° | V2 MT-17 |
| Angled 30° | V2 MT-30 |
| Angled 17° with extended transmucosal path | V2 MTP-17 |
| Angled 30° with extended transmucosal path | V2 MTP-30 |
| Angled 45° | V2 MT-45 |
| Definitive angled Toronto prosthetic screw | VTPTD single |
| שנוחונועי מוצובע זטוטונט מוטגנוויגול גרופש | VTPTD-4 4-pack |

TORONTO ACCESSORIES

| PEEK HEALING CAP | CODE |
|---|---------------|
| Peek healing cap | CMT |
| Extended Peek healing cap | CMT-P |
| TORONTO CYLINDERS | CODE |
| Package includes long screw and micro screw | |
| Stainless steel cylinder (A) | CT-I CT-IS |
| Titanium Cylinder (A) | CT-T CT-TS |
| Calcinable cylinder (B) | CT-C |
| TORONTO ANALOG | CODE |
| Toronto Analog | ALT |
| TORONTO SCREW | CODE |
| Micro | VTMT |
| Long | VTLT |
| BONE PROFILING DRILL AND GUIDE SCREW | CODE |
| Complete package | FPO-VG |
| SCREWDRIVERS FOR STRAIGHT TORONTO ABUTMENT | CODE |
| Can be used to screw straight Toronto Abutment and Ball attachment. | |
| Contra-angle handpiece | AV26 CA |
| Manual | AV26 M-N |

Ideal tightening torque for Straight Toronto abutment is 30 Ncm, for angled Toronto screw is 25 Ncm.

CORE V2 K-CORE V2 **DRILLS AND SURGICAL ACCESSORIES**



CORE V2 DRILLS

| INITIAL DRILL | CODE |
|--|--------------|
| For corticotomy; preparation depth 6 mm. | FI |
| SUPER CUT DRILL | CODE |
| Ø 2 mm drill | FSC2 |
| Ø 2.5 mm drill (fuchsia ring) | FSC 25-F-3T |
| Ø 2.8 mm drill (bronze ring) | FCSC 28-C-3T |
| Ø 3.0 mm drill (yellow ring) | FSC 3-Y-3T |
| Ø 3.65 mm drill (blue ring) | FSC 36-B-3T |
| Ø 3.85 mm drill (green ring) | FSC 38-G-3T |
| Ø 4.2 mm drill (grey ring) | FSC42-N-3T |

STOPS FOR SUPER CUT CORE V2 DRILLS









| FOR DRILLS | Ø 2 mm | Ø 2.5 mm | Ø 2.8 mm | Ø 3.0 mm | Ø 3.65 mm | Ø 3.85 mm | Ø 4.2 mm |
|------------|------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| h 7 mm | ST SC 2-70 | - | ST SC 28C-70 | ST SC 3Y-70 | ST SC 36B-70 | ST SC 38G-70 | - |
| h 8.5 mm | ST SC 2-85 | ST SC 25 F-85 | ST SC 28C-85 | ST SC 3Y-85 | ST SC 36B-85 | ST SC 38G-85 | ST SC 42N-85 |
| h 10 mm | ST SC 2-10 | ST SC 25 F-10 | ST SC 28C-10 | ST SC 3Y-10 | ST SC 36B-10 | ST SC 38G-10 | ST SC 42N-10 |
| h 12 mm | ST SC 2-12 | ST SC 25 F-12 | ST SC 28C-12 | ST SC 3Y-12 | ST SC 36B-12 | ST SC 38G-12 | ST SC 42N-12 |
| h 13 mm | ST SC 2-13 | ST SC 25 F-13 | ST SC 28C-13 | ST SC 3Y-13 | ST SC 36B-13 | ST SC 38G-13 | ST SC 42N-13 |
| h 15 mm | ST SC 2-15 | ST SC 25 F-15 | ST SC 28C-15 | ST SC 3Y-15 | ST SC 36B-15 | ST SC 38G-15 | ST SC 42N-15 |



CORE V2 TAPPER



Cod. ACM

CORE V2 COUNTERSINK

| CORE V2 COUNTERSIN | IK | DEPTH STOP FO Countersink | IR CORE V2 |
|---|------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| DESCRIPTION | CODE | DESCRIPTION | CODE |
| For Ø 2.9 implant (fuchsia ring) | V2 SV 29-F | For Ø 2.9 implant | ST SV 29 |
| For Ø 3.5 implant (bronze ring) | V2 SV 35-C | For Ø 3.5 implant | ST SV 35 |
| For Ø 3.75 implant (yellow ring) | V2 SV 37-Y | For Ø 3.75 implant | ST SV 37 |
| For Ø 4.2 implant (blue ring) | V2 SV 42-B | For Ø 4.2 implant | ST SV 42 |
| For Ø 4.7 implant (green ring) | V2 SV 47-G | For Ø 4.7 implant | ST SV 47 |
| For Ø 5.2 implant (grey ring) | V2 SV 52-N | For Ø 5.2 implant | ST SV 52 |
| DESCRIPTION | | | CODE |
| For Ø 2.9 implant (fuchsia) | | | V2 FMC 29-F |
| For Ø 3.5 implant (bronze) | | | V2 FMC 35-C |
| For Ø 3.75 implant (yellow) | un | | V2 FMC 37-Y |
| For Ø 4.2 implant (blue) | uur | | V2 FMC 42-B |
| For Ø 4.7 implant (green) | - Hur | | V2 FMC 47-G |
| For Ø 5.2 implant (grey) | aut | - | V2 FMC 52-N |



K-CORE V2 DRILLS

| INITIAL DRILL | | | | | CODE |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| For corticotomies; pr | eparation depth 6 mi | n | | | FI |
| SUPER CUT DRILL | | | | | CODE |
| Ø 2 mm drill | | | | | FSC2 |
| DRILL FOR Ø 3.5 IN | PLANT (fuchsia ring) |) | | | |
| | h 10 mm | h 12 mm | h 13 mm | h 15 mm | |
| | FK 3510 | FK 3512 | FK 3513 | FK 3515 | |
| DRILL FOR Ø 3.8 IM | IPLANT (bronze ring) | | | | |
| h 8.5 mm | h 10 mm | h 12 mm | h 13 mm | h 15 mm | h 17 mi |
| FK 3885 | FK 3810 | FK 3812 | FK 3813 | FK 3815 | FK 381 |
| DRILL FOR Ø 4.2 IN | IPLANT (yellow ring) | | | | |
| h 8.5 mm | h 10 mm | h 12 mm | h 13 mm | h 15 mm | h 17 m |
| FK 4285 | FK 4210 | FK 4212 | FK 4213 | FK 4215 | FK 421 |
| DRILL FOR Ø 4.5 IN | PLANT (blue ring) | | | | |
| h 8.5 mm | h 10 mm | h 12 mm | h 13 mm | h 15 mm | h 17 mi |
| - | FK 4510 | FK 4512 | FK 4513 | FK 4515 | - |
| DRILL FOR Ø 5.5 IM | PLANT (grey ring) | | | | |
| h 8.5 mm | h 10 mm | h 12 mm | h 13 mm | h 15 mm | h 17 mr |
| - | FK 5510 | FK 5512 | FK 5513 | FK 5515 | - |

STOP FOR K-CORE V2 DRILLS

| HEIGHT | | 8.5 mm | 10 mm | 12 mm | 13 mm | 15 mm |
|------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Ø 2 mm Super Cut Drill | | STSC 2-85 | STSC 2-10 | STSC 2-12 | STSC 2-13 | STSC 2-15 |
| Ø 3.8 mm drill | | | | STFK 38C | | |
| Ø 4.2 mm drill | | STFK 42Y | | | | |
| Ø 4.5 mm drill | - | STFK 45B | | | | |
| Ø 5.5 mm drill | | ST FK 55N | | | | |



| K-CORE V2 TAPPER | |
|--|-------------|
| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
| For Ø 3,5 implant (fuchsia) | V2 FMK 35-F |
| For Ø 3,8 implant (bronze) | V2 FMK 38-C |
| For Ø 4,2 implant (yellow) | V2 FMK 42-Y |
| For Ø 4,5 implant (blue) | V2 FMK 45-B |
| For Ø 5,5 implant (grey) | V2 FMK 55-N |

CORE V2 K-CORE V2 KEYS AND SURGICAL ACCESSORIES



CORE V2 AND K-CORE V2 ACCESSORIES

| PARALLELISM PIN | CODE |
|--|-----------|
| Single package | ID |
| MANUAL SCREWDRIVER | CODE |
| Hexagonal 1.2 mm bit | |
| Short - Length 19 mm | AV 1219 C |
| Long - Length 24 mm | AV 1224 C |
| (cap also be used with a dynamometric ratebot) | |

(can also be used with a dynamometric ratchet)

| CONTRA-ANGLE SCREWDRIVER | | CODE |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|
| Hexagonal 1.2 mm bit | | |
| Length 18 mm | Length 25 mm | |
| PH-20-18 | PH-20-25 | |
| ADMA hand adaptor | | |
| UNIVERSAL DIGITAL BEZEL | | CODE |
| 0 12 | | GUD12 |
| 0 16 | | GUD16 |
| CONTRA-ANGLE SCREWDRIVER FOR CORE V2 Ø2.9 AND K-(| CORE V2 Ø3.5 IMPLANT MOUNT | CODE |
| Short - Length 19 mm | | AV 3419 C |
| CONNECTOR FOR MTA3 | | CODE |
| Length 11 mm | Length 21 mm | |
| CPDG11 | CPDG21 | |
| DIRECT CONNECTOR | | CODE |
| Manual - length 8 mm | | CDCRID8 |
| Manual - length 19 mm | | |
| Contra-angle handpiece - length 8 mm | | CDC8 |
| | | CDC10 |
| Contra-angle handpiece - length 19 mm | | CDC19 |
| Contra-angle handpiece - length 19 mm EXTENSION FOR DRILLS | | CODE |



(:E

HEX 1.20





| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|--|------|
| Titanium DEPTH GOUGE | SND |
| STEEL Mount Key | CHM |
| DYNAMOMETRIC RATCHET: suitable for tightening | |
| prosthetic screws and inserting the implants. | CRID |

BONE EXPANDERS

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|---|-------|
| Expander kit: 1 hand ratchet, 1 initial drill, 1 Ø 2 mm drill, 1 contra-angle screwdriver, 2 ratchet connectors (8 mm and 14 mm) | |
| and 1 manual screwdriver | EO-SK |
| Blue expander | EO-B |
| Fuchsia expander | EO-F |
| Yellow expander | E0-Y |
| Green expander | EO-G |

ACCESSORIES

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|---|------|
| STEEL TREPHINE CORE DRILL (max. length 30 mm) | |
| Outer Ø 4.75 mm - Inner Ø 4 mm | FC47 |
| Outer Ø 5.75 mm - Inner Ø 5 mm | FC57 |
| Outer Ø 6.75 mm - Inner Ø 6 mm | FC67 |
| Outer Ø 8.75 mm - Inner Ø 8 mm | FC87 |



CORE V2 K-CORE V2 MODULAR SURGICAL TRAY

SURGICAL KIT

Plastic box with **removable internal trays**, complete with all the surgical instruments required for implant placement. The sequence of use of surgical instruments is simplified by colour coding.

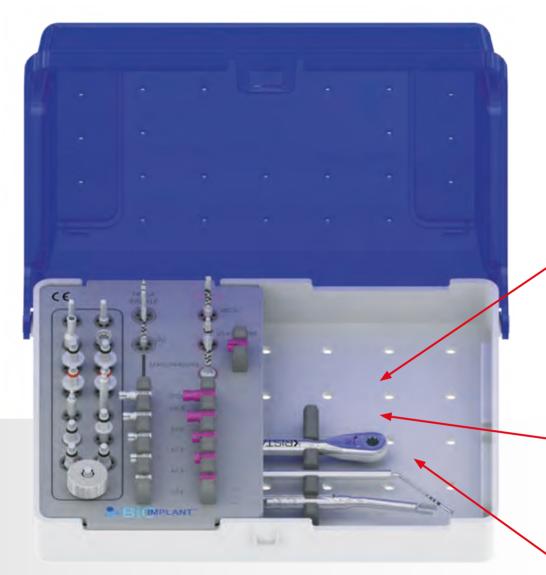
- Ergonomic. light and compact. easy to carry
- Silicone supports prevent movement of the instruments during transport
- Measuring marks for a control check
- Simple, intuitive design with laser-engraved measurements
- Simplified and optimised cleaning thanks to silicone supports flush with the tray $({\rm Grommets}\,{\rm -Less}\,{\rm Insert}^{\circledast})^*$
- Autoclaved at 121 °C with a minimum exposure of 30 minutes and a drying cycle of 15 minutes.

The modular box which can contain 2 trays, consists of the basic tray (see picture) equipped with all the accessory and necessary instruments that can be used for both Core V2 and K-Core V2 implants plus the probe instruments, dynamometric ratchet and Mount key housed in the part below the tray and removable; the box can be completed, according to requirements, with the standard and/or special tray for the Core V2 line standard and/ or special tray for the Core V2 line or with the line or with the standard tray for the K-Core V2 line,

Description of trays on the opposite page.

BASIC TRAY

- Corticotomy drill
- Initial drill Ø mm 2
- Super Cut drill Ø mm 2,5
- Countersink for Core V2 implant Ø 2.9
- Ø 2.9 Core V2 implant tapper
- Depth stop for Super-Cut drill (h mm 8.5; IO; 12; 13; 15)
- Depth stop for tapper Ø 2.9
- Parallelism Pin 2 pz.
- Extension for drills
- Adapter for contra-angle handpiece
- Manual screwdriver/hexagon ratchet
 1.20 mm (short and long)
- Universal digital bezel (GUD)



- Implant pick-up device for contra-angle handpiece connection (short and long)
- Implant pick-up device for ratchet (short and long)
- Connector for universal digital bezel or ratchet

BASIC TRAY CODE MB-C









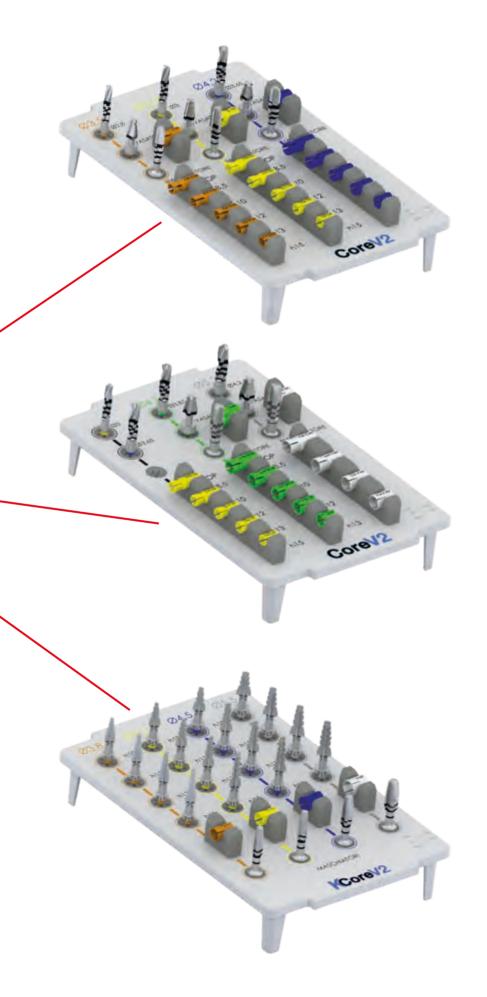
EMPTY BOX For 2 Trays

CODE TM

EMPTY BOX For 1 Trays code

TS





CORE V2 STANDARD TRAY

- Super-Cut drills (Ø mm 2,8; 3,0; 3,65)
- Depth stop for Super-Cut drill (h mm 8.5; 10; 12; 13; 15)
- Countersinks for Core V2 implants Ø 3.5; Ø 3.75; Ø 4.2
- Depth stop for countersinkØ 3.5; Ø 3.75; Ø 4.2
- Tappers for Core V2 implants Ø 3.5; Ø 3.75; Ø 4.2

CODE V2ST-C

CORE V2 SPECIAL TRAY

- Super-Cut drills (Ø mm 3.0; 3.65; 3.85; 4.2)
- Depth stop for Super -Cut cutter (h mm 8.5; 10; 12; 13; 15)
- Countersinks for Core V2 implants Ø 4.7 and Ø 5.2
- Depth stop for countersink Ø 4.7 and Ø 5.2
- Core V2 implant tappers Ø 4.7 and Ø 5.2

CODE V2SP-C

K-CORE V2 STANDARD TRAY

- K-Core V2 implant drills Ø 3.8 (h mm 10; 12; 13; 15)
- K-Core V2 implant drills Ø 4.2 (h mm 10; 12; 13; 15)
- K-Core V2 implant drills Ø 4.5 (h mm 10; 12; 13; 15)
- K-Core V2 implant drills Ø 5.5 (h mm 10; 12; 13; 15)
- Depth stop for drills (Ø 3.8; 4.2; 4.5; 5.5)
- K-Core V2 implant tappers Ø 0 3.8; 4.2; 4.5; 5.5

CODE KV2ST-C

CLASSIC Surface



PLUS Implants

Cylindrical implant with external hexagon in Titanium Grade 4 for the submerged technique with Double Acid Etching (DAE) surface.

The external hexagon connection is still the most versatile prosthetic connection mechanism for bar or Toronto screwed prostheses.

The morphology of the PLUS implant, coil pitch, implant core, neck and hexagon diameter, corresponds to the most established mechanical standards with long-term follow-up.

The PLUS implant also has atraumatic apexes and discharge apical millings that make it selfcentring.

The PLUS implant is made according to the dictates of the most recent literature with particular attention to the reduction of the peri-implant bone loss developed according to the following concepts of new technology and macrogeometry:

- BICUSPID THREAD
- MINIMUM COMPRESSION IN DENSE BONE
- PRE-ASSEMBLED MOUNTING DEVICE ON THE IMPLANT





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PLUS MTA³ INDICATIONS

THE MTA³ MULTIFUNCTIONAL PRE-ASSEMBLED MOUNT

The mount is made of Grade 4 Titanium and has the same strength features of the available prosthetic components. Its shape allows it to be used as pick-up transfer and straight abutment.

ADVANTAGES:

- SIMPLIFICATION OF PROCEDURES
- REDUCTION OF PROSTHETIC COSTS

FIRST STAGE: IMPRESSION

Remove the 0-ring from the upper frame and replace the pre-assembled screw with a transfer screw, the mount has all the characteristics to be used as a impression transfer using open custom tray technique (Pick up).

SECOND STAGE: PROVISIONAL OR DEFINITIVE PROSTHESIS

Remove using a separating disc the upper (square) portion of the mount and replace the mount screw with a prosthetic screw: the dental technician can use the mount as a straight titanium abutment.



With mount screw



SWITCHING **PLATFORM** with transfer screw







with prosthetic screw



ROOT FORM



TITANIUM MTA³ MOUNTING DEVICE

| | DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|----------|---|---------|
| R | Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | PLDM 41 |
| | Plus Implants (Ø 5.0) Platform Ø 5.0 mm | PLDM 50 |

TRANSFER SCREW

| Ø PLUS | 0 3.25 | Ø 3.75 | Ø 4.0 | Ø 5.0 | |
|--------|--------|--------|-----------|-------|--|
| CODE | | | 40 PL 125 | | |

TITANIUM PROSTHETIC SCREW

| Ø PLUS | Ø 3.25 | 0 3.75 | 0 4.0 | Ø 5.0 | - |
|--------------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|---|
| CODE - 1 PC. | 40 PL 126 | | | | |
| CODE - 4 PC. | | | 40 PL 195 | | |

DEFINITIVE TITANIUM PROSTHETIC SCREW (DLC COATED HEAD)

| CODE - 1 PC. | PLVTPD |
|------------------|----------|
| CODE - 4 PC. | PLVTPD-4 |

PLUS CYLINDRICAL PLUS IMPLANTS WITH EXTERNAL HEXAGON

Cylindrical Plus implants are available with Classic surface types Surface **DOUBLE ACID ETCHING (DAE)**

| DIAMETERS | | CLASSIC |
|---|--|--|
| | TOTAL HEIGHT | CODE |
| PLUS Ø 3.25 Coils Ø 3.25 mm Platform Ø 4.1 mm Apex Ø 2.7 mm | 8.5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 13 mm 15 mm | 40 PL 001 40 PL 002 40 PL 003 40 PL 004 40 PL 173 |
| PLUS Ø 3.75 Coils Ø 3.75 mm Platform Ø 4.1 mm Apex Ø 2.8mm | 7 mm 8.5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 13 mm 15 mm | 40 PL 006 40 PL 007 40 PL 008 40 PL 010 40 PL 011 40 PL 012 |
| PLUS Ø 4.0 Coils Ø 4.0 mm Platform Ø 4.1 mm Apex Ø 3.1 mm | 8.5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 13 mm 15 mm | 40 PL 028 40 PL 029 40 PL 030 40 PL 031 40 PL 032 |
| PLUS Ø 5.0 Coils Ø 5.0 mm Platform Ø 5.0 mm Apex Ø 4.0 mm | 7 mm 8.5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 13 mm 15 mm | 40 PL 041 40 PL 042 40 PL 043 40 PL 045 40 PL 046 40 PL 140 |





| UPPER | PLUS Ø 3.25 | PLUS Ø 3.75 | PLUS Ø 4.0 | PLUS Ø 5.0 |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| CENTRAL INCISORS | • | • | • | • |
| LATERAL INCISORS | • | • | • | • |
| CANINES | • | • | • | • |
| PREMOLARS | • | • | • | • |
| MOLARS | • | • | • | • |
| LOWER | PLUS Ø 3.25 | PLUS Ø 3.75 | PLUS Ø 4.0 | PLUS Ø 5.0 |
| CENTRAL INCISORS | • | • | • | • |
| LATERAL INCISORS | • | • | • | • |
| CANINES | • | • | • | • |
| PREMOLARS | • | • | • | • |
| MOLARS | • | • | • | • |

Optimal use

Not recommended use

Discretionary use

| HEALING ABUTMENT | | HEIGHT 2 MM | HEIGHT 4 MM | HEIGHT 6 MM |
|------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | PLUS Ø 3.25 Platform Ø 4.1 mm | | | |
| 10.0 | PLUS Ø 3.75 Platform Ø 4.1 mm | 40 PL 060 | 40 PL 061 | 40 PL 062 |
| * | PLUS Ø 4.0 Platform Ø 4.1 mm | | | |
| | PLUS Ø 5.0 Platform Ø 5.0 mm | 40 PL 196 | 40 PL 197 | - |

PLUS SURGICAL PROCEDURES



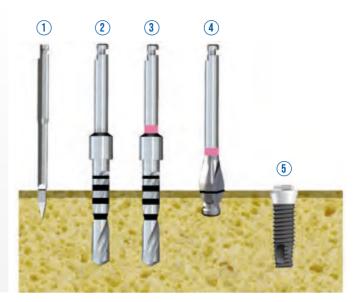
PLUS Ø 3.25

Key:

1 initial drill

- 2 super cut drill Ø 2 mm
- 3 Super cut drill Ø 2.8 mm
- (4) Ø 3.25 mm countersink drill
- **5** implant insertion

Note: Use the tapper if required in D1-D2 bone before placing the implant





PLUS Ø 3.75

Key:

1 initial drill

2 super cut drill Ø 2 mm

3 super cut drill Ø 3 mm

4 countersink drill Ø 3.75 mm

5 implant insertion

Note: Use the tapper if required in D1-D2 bone before placing the implant

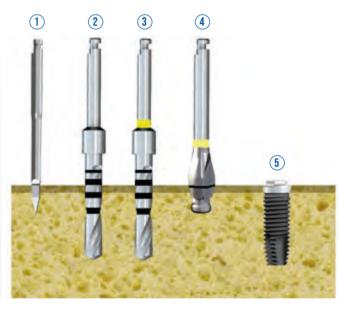


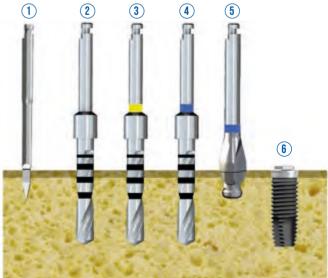


Key:

- (1) initial drill
- (2) super cut drill Ø 2 mm
- (3) super cut drill Ø 3 mm
- 4 super cut drill Ø 3.3 mm
- 5 countersink drill Ø 4 mm
- **6** implant insertion

Note: Use the tapper if required in D1-D2 bone before placing the implant









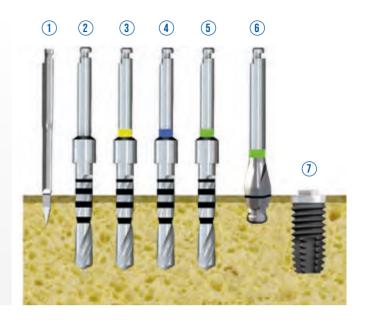
PLUS Ø 5.0

Key:

1 initial drill

- 2 super cut drill Ø 2 mm
- **3** super cut drill Ø 3 mm
- 4 super cut drill Ø 3.3 mm
- **5** super cut drill Ø 4.2 mm
- **6** countersink drill Ø 5 mm
- 7 implant insertion

Note: Use the tapper if required in D1-D2 bone before placing the implant



PLUS PROSTHETIC COMPONENTS

COLOUR CODING

For Plus lines, the colour coding is as follows:

- Colour coding of labels on the packaging of implants and prosthetic components
- Colour coding of prosthetic components
- Application of coloured rings on dedicated drills

TITANIUM IMPRESSION TRANSFER



| MEASURES | CODE |
|---|-----------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | 40 AC 170 |
| Plus Implants (Ø 5.0) Platform Ø 5.0 mm | 40 AC 173 |

PLUS COLOUR Ø 3.25 FUCHSIA Ø 3.75 YELLOW Ø 4.0 BLUE Ø 5.0 GREEN



| MEASURES | CODE |
|---|-----------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | 40 AC 172 |
| Plus Implants (Ø 5.0) Platform Ø 5.0 mm | 40 AC 174 |

PICK-UP TECHNIQUE

- After removing the healing abutment or provisional prosthesis, carefully place the transfer onto the implant making sure it is seated correctly and tighten it with the transfer screw to lock it in place.
- Test the individual tray size for interference when inserting and removing the tray.
- The individual tray, previously perforated in laboratory at the implants' position, may need further modification to eliminate any interference during positioning and removal of the tray.
- Fill the tray with the chosen material and place it carefully in the mouth, taking care that the transfer screws protrude from the holes drilled in the individual tray.
- After the impression material is settled, unscrew and remove the transfer screws and remove the impression following the axis of insertion; the transfers will remain embedded in the impression material.
- The dental technician places the laboratory analogs on the transfers, locks them in place with the transfer screws by repositioning them "in the holes" of the perforated tray and then casts the master model according to the chosen technique.

PULL-UP TECHNIQUE

- After removing the healing abutment or provisional prosthesis, carefully place the transfer onto the implant, ensuring that it is seated correctly and tighten it with the transfer screw to secure it in place.
- Choose the standard tray, try it without material to ensure that there is no interference and continue with impression.
- After the material is settled, remove the tray following the axis of insertion; the transfers will remain anchored to the implants.
- \cdot Remove the transfers by unscrewing the specific screw and deliver them to the laboratory, separated from the impression.
- The laboratory will place a laboratory analog corresponding to the implant used on each pull-up transfer and then place the assembled transfer and laboratory analog in the impression.

It will then develop the master model according to the chosen technique.



TITANIUM LABORATORY ANALOG



| MEASURES | CODE |
|---|-----------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | 40 AC 150 |
| Plus Implants (Ø 5.0) Platform Ø 5.0 mm | 40 AC 151 |

Note: it is recommended not to use the analog if it is damaged; do not use it more than three times

TITANIUM CYLINDER FOR PROVISIONAL SOLUTIONS *

WITH HEXAGON

| MEASURES | CODE |
|--|--------------------------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | 40 PL 088 |
| Plus Implants (Ø 5.0) Platform Ø 5.0 mm | 40 PL 187 |
| | |
| WITHOUT EXAGON | |
| NITHOUT EXAGON Measures | CODE |
| NITHOUT EXAGON MEASURES Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | CODE 40 PL 089 |



PLUS PROSTHETIC COMPONENTS







STRAIGHT TITANIUM ABUTMENT*

| TOTAL HEIGHT 9 MM | CODE |
|---|-----------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | 40 PL 075 |
| Plus Implants (Ø 5.0) Platform Ø 5.0 mm | 40 PL 106 |

| TOTAL HEIGHT 11 MM | CODE |
|---|-----------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | 40 PL 076 |
| Plus Implants (Ø 5.0) Platform Ø 5.0 mm | 40 PL 107 |

PRE-ANGLED TITANIUM ABUTMENT *

| MEASURES | CODE |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) | |
| Platform Ø 4.1 mm | |
| Angled 15° - h 2 mm | 40 PL 179 |
| Angled 15° - h 4 mm | 40 PL 181 |
| Angled 25° - h 2 mm | 40 PL 180 |
| Angled 25° - h 4 mm | 40 PL 182 |
| Plus Implants (Ø 5.0) | |
| Platform Ø 5.0 mm | |
| Angled 15° - h 2 mm | 40 PL 191 |
| Angled 15° - h 4 mm | 40 PL 193 |



CALCINABLE ABUTMENT

WITH HEXAGON

| MEASURES | CODE |
|---|-----------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | 40 PL 080 |
| Plus Implants (Ø 5.0) Platform Ø 5.0 mm | 40 PL 110 |



WITHOUT EXAGON

| MEASURES | CODE |
|---|-----------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | 40 PL 082 |
| Plus Implants (Ø 5.0) Platform Ø 5.0 mm | 40 PL 112 |

ABUTMENT FOR BONDING

| MEASURES | CODE |
|---|--------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | PLMI41 |
| | |
| NITHOUT HEXAGON (ROTATIONAL) | |
| NITHOUT HEXAGON (ROTATIONAL) Measures | CODE |

* Recommended prosthetic screw tightening torque: 25 Ncm

PROSTHETIC SCREW

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| PLUS prosthetic screw (single) | 40 PL 126 |
| PLUS prosthetic screw (pack of 4) | 40 PL 195 |
| | |



| PLUS definitive prosthetic screw (single) | PLVTPD |
|--|----------|
| PLUS definitive prosthetic screw (pack of 4) | PLVTPD-4 |



PLUS BALL ATTACHMENTS



BALL ATTACHMENT

| MEASURES | CODE |
|---|-----------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm - Sphere Ø 2.5 mm (Normo) | |
| Height 1 mm | 40 PL 170 |
| Height 2 mm | 40 PL 171 |
| Height 4 mm | 40 PL 172 |
| Decommended tightening targue for Ball Attachment, 30 Ncm | |

Recommended tightening torque for Ball Attachment: 30 Ncm

BALL ATTACHMENT SCREWDRIVERS

Can be used to screw in the straight Titanium Toronto Abutment and Ball Attachment.



| MANUAL | CODE |
|-----------------|----------|
| Stainless steel | AV 26 M |
| CONTRA-ANGLE | CODE |
| Stainless steel | AV 26 CA |

RHEIN CAPS (NORMO)

Pack of **6 pcs.** per colour



Pink soft retention 900g 40 CC 001





Green elastic retention 350g **40 CC 003**



Grey standard retention 1300g 40 CC 004



Pack of **2 pcs.** per material





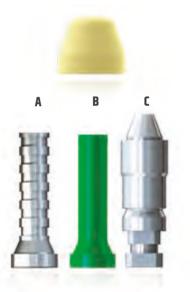
Stainless steel 40 CC 005

Titanium 40 CC 006

PLUS TORONTO COMPONENTS













TORONTO TITANIUM ABUTMENT

| MEASURES | CODE |
|---|-----------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 mm | |
| Straight - h 2 mm | 40 PL 137 |
| Straight - h 4 mm | 40 PL 138 |
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) Platform Ø 4.1 | |
| Angled 17° | 40 PL 135 |
| Angled 30° | 40 PL 136 |

TORONTO ACCESSORIES

| CMT |
|------|
| CODE |
| |
| CT-I |
| CT-T |
| CT-C |
| CODE |
| |
| ALT |
| CODE |
| VTMT |
| VTLT |
| |

| BONE PROFILING DRILL AND GUIDE SCREW | CODE |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Complete package | 40 FR 105 |

| SCREWDRIVERS | CODE |
|---|--------|
| For straight Toronto abutment; can also be used for screwing in Core ball attachment and Micro Implan | ts |
| Contra-angle handpiece | AV26CA |
| Manual | AV26M |

PLUS LOCATOR® ATTACHMENTS



LOCATOR® ATTACHMENTS

Locator is a resilient attachment for endo-osseous implants. The Locator system is suitable for correcting disparallelisms in prosthetic rehabilitation by means of total or partial overdentures. Use on a single implant is not recommended.

| MEASURES | CODE |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Plus implants (Ø 3.25 - 3.75 - 4.0) | |
| Platform Ø 4.1 mm | |
| Height 1 mm | AA-LR-01 |
| Height 2 mm | AA-LR-02 |
| Height 3 mm | AA-LR-03 |
| Height 4 mm | AA-LR-04 |

Ideal tightening torque: 30 Ncm

ACCESSORIES

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|-------------|------|
| | |

| TRANSFER LOCATOR | |
|------------------|-----------|
| Pack of 4. | PD-8505-4 |
| | |

| | - | łiń. |
|------|---|--------|
| 1.5 | - | щ |
| 10.0 | | 10 |
| | | |

| LOCATOR LABORATORY ANALOG | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Pack of 1 pc. | | |



CORE TOOL LOCATOR Tool for inserting and removing attachments, complete with tip and driver for screwing.

LL-PS-01

PS-AR-OO



LOCATOR® ATTACHMENT KIT

Blister packs containing each: 1 plastic spacer ring, 1 steel cap, 1 black laboratory attachment, 3 colour coded plastic attachments in 3 different retentions.

STANDARD ATTACHMENTS

For implants with 10° to 20° divergence disparallelisms between the two implants.





| DESCRIPTION | | CODE |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| Standard Kit (blue grev | transparent attachments) | KA-CL-02 |
| Stanuaru Nit (Diuc, Sicy, | transparent attachments/ | NA CL UL |

EXTENDED RANGE ATTACHMENTS

For implants with 20° to 40° divergence disparallelisms between the two implants.



Extended Range Kit (green, red, orange attachments)

DESCRIPTION

Replacement Locator® Standard attachment - Pack of 8.



Blue Retention 680 g



10



Transparent Retention 2268 g

KA-CL-12

KA-CL-10

KA-CL-11



Green Retention 1360 g (20° inclination) Retention 1814 g (40° inclination)

KA-CL-06





Red Retention 226 g (20° inclination) Retention 453 g (40° inclination)

KA-CL-04



Orange Retention 907 g (40° inclination)

KA-CL-05





| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Replacement spacer ring - Pack of 20. | 8514 |
| Replacement metal cap (Ti) | KA-CL-00 |
| | |

Locator® is a registered trademark of Zest Anchors, Inc. San Diego - USA

PLUS DRILLS AND SURGICAL ACCESSORIES





PLUS DRILLS

| INITIAL DRILL | CODE |
|---|------|
| For corticotomies; preparation depth 6 mm | FI |

| SUPER CUT DRILL | CODE |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Ø 2 mm drill | FSC2 |
| Ø 2.8 mm drill (fuchsia ring) | 40 FR 099 |
| Ø 3.0 mm drill (yellow ring) | 40 FR 097 |
| Ø 3.3 mm drill (blue ring) | 40 FR 100 |
| Ø 4.2 mm drill (green ring) | 40 FR 116 |

DEPTH STOPS FOR SUPER CUT PLUS DRILLS

| FOR DRILLS | Ø 2 mm | Ø 2.8 mm | Ø 3.0 mm | Ø 3.3 mm | Ø 4.2 mm |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| h 7 mm | 40 AC 247 | - | 40 AC 239 | 40 AC 258 | 40 AC 366 |
| h 8.5 mm | 40 AC 246 | 40 AC 251 | 40 AC 238 | 40 AC 259 | 40 AC 369 |
| h 10 mm | 40 AC 245 | 40 AC 252 | 40 AC 237 | 40 AC 260 | 40 AC 370 |
| h 12 mm | 40 AC 243 | 40 AC 254 | 40 AC 236 | 40 AC 262 | 40 AC 371 |
| h 13 mm | 40 AC 242 | 40 AC 255 | 40 AC 235 | 40 AC 263 | 40 AC 372 |
| h 15 mm | 40 AC 241 | 40 AC 256 | 40 AC 234 | 40 AC 264 | 40 AC 373 |



| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| For Ø 3.25 implant (fuchsia ring) | 40 FR 114 |
| For Ø 3.75 implant (yellow ring) | 40 FR 115 |
| For Ø 4.0 implant (blue ring) | 40 FR 113 |
| For Ø 5.0 implant (green ring) | 40 FR 111 |

PLUS TAPPER

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| For Ø 3.25 implant (fuchsia ring) | 40 FR 014 |
| For Ø 3.75 implant (yellow ring) | 40 FR 106 |
| For Ø 4.0 implant (blue ring) | 40 FR 107 |
| For Ø 5.0 implant (green ring) | 40 FR 029 |







PLUS ACCESSORIES





| PARALLELISM PIN | CODE |
|-----------------|------|
| Single package | ID |
| | |

| MANUAL SCREWDRIVER | CODE |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Hexagonal tip 0.9 mm | |
| Total length 19 mm | 40 AC 048 |
| Total length 24 mm | 40 AC 049 |
| Hexagonal tip 1.2 mm | |
| Total length 19 mm | AV1219M |
| Total length 24 mm | AV1224M |

| CONTRA-ANGLE SCREWDRIVER | CODE |
|--|---------------------|
| Hexagonal tip 0.9 mm Length 25 mm | PH-09-25 |
| Hexagonal tip 1.2 mm | |
| Length 18 mm | Length 25 mm |
| PH-20-18 | PH-20-25 |





| MANUAL SCREWDRIVER | CODE |
|--------------------|-------|
| Pack | AV34M |



| CONTRA-ANGLE SCREWDRIVER FOR MOUNT | CODE |
|------------------------------------|--------|
| Short - Length 19 mm | AV3419 |
| | ~ |



| RATCHET CONNECTOR | | CODE | |
|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Length 8 mm | Length 14 mm | Length 18 mm | Length 24 mm |
| AV348C | AV3414C | AV3418C | AV3424C |



| EXTENSION FOR DRILLS | CODE |
|--------------------------|------|
| For use with drills only | PF |

PLUS DRILLS AND SURGICAL ACCESSORIES



SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|---|------|
| Titanium DEPTH GOUGE | SND |
| STEEL MOUNT KEY | СНМ |
| DYNAMOMETRIC RATCHET: suitable for tightening prosthetic screws and inserting the implants. | |
| | CDIN |

ACCESSORIES

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|--|------|
| TREPHINE CORE DRILL in steel (max. length 30 mm) | |
| Outer Ø 4.75 mm - Inner Ø 4 mm | FC47 |
| Outer Ø 5.75 mm - Inner Ø 5 mm | FC57 |
| Outer Ø 6.75 mm - Inner Ø 6 mm | FC67 |
| Outer Ø 8.75 mm - Inner Ø 8 mm | FC87 |



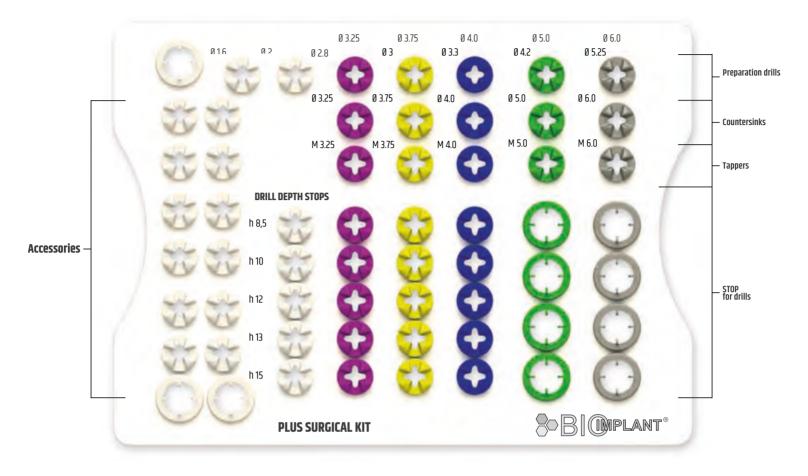




BONE EXPANDERS

| DESCRIPTION | CODE |
|---|-------|
| Expander kit: 1 hand ratchet, 1 initial drill, 1 Ø 2 mm drill, 1 contra-angle screwdriver, 2 ratchet connectors (8 mm and 14 mm) and 1 manual screwdriver | E0-SK |
| Blue Expander | EO-B |
| Fuchsia Expander | EO-F |
| Yellow Expander | EO-Y |
| Green Expander | EO-G |

PLUS SURGICAL TRAY



complete with instruments - Code 40 AC 331

Autoclavable plastic box with removable inner tray, complete with all the surgical instruments needed for implant placement. The sequence of use of the surgical instruments is simplified by the colour coding of the autoclavable silicone supports inserted on the tray.



CLEANING AND STERILISATION OF THE SURGICAL KIT

Cleansing and sterilisation are key processes to ensure the removal of organic residues from the surface of the used instruments and the final decontamination.

Cleaning - After removing the instruments from the surgical tray, organic residues must be removed with a cloth.

In case of **ultrasonic cleaning**, which is suitable for removing stubborn organic residues, it is recommended to use demineralised water and a neutral detergent to prevent the formation of stains and marks, following the manufacturer's recommendations for both dilution and washing time.

In case of **manual cleaning**, brush the instruments under running water with a neutral detergent solution; rinse with distilled water for a few minutes. Dry thoroughly and store all instruments in the appropriate locations. Pack in bags and sterilise.

Sterilisation - In an autoclave at 121°C with a minimum exposure of 30 minutes and a drying cycle of 15 minutes.

Storage - The surgical kit should be stored in a bag until use. The sterilisation holding period should not exceed that recommended by the pouch manufacturer.

KIT PLUS - EMPTY

40 AC 193 Th

The surgical kit is supplied NON-STERILE.



