

NEWSLETTER

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China promotes industrial microgrids for low-carbon transformation

China has issued guidelines to promote industrial green microgrids, which integrate clean power, storage, and smart management. The sector, with over 300 pilot projects, faces challenges like lacking standards and grid coordination. New renewable projects must achieve at least 60% local electricity consumption annually. Policy support will prioritize advanced technologies like hydrogen production to aid the low-carbon transition. **(Xinhua)**

China invests 5.68 trillion yuan in water conservancy over past five years

China invested 5.68 trillion yuan (697.9 billion euro) in water conservancy from 2021 to 2025, sustaining annual investment above 1 trillion yuan (122.8 billion euro) for four consecutive years. This spending boosted economic growth and created millions of jobs, while strengthening infrastructure through reservoir reinforcement and river management. **(China Daily)**

China to eliminate export tax rebates for solar and batteries by 2027

To enhance the long-term competitiveness of its green technology sector and steer the industry away from excessive price competition towards innovation and value creation, China will phase out VAT export rebates for PV products starting April 2026 and for batteries by 2027, a move aimed at alleviating industry-wide price pressures. **(CX Daily)**

China introduces national standard for valuing terrestrial ecosystems

China has introduced a national standard to scientifically value its terrestrial ecosystems. The new standard provides a unified methodology for calculating the economic worth of all ecological products in a given region and period. It includes detailed technical processes, indicator systems, and data requirements for preparing assessment reports. **(Xinhua)**

China to ramp up solid waste management in green transition push

China has released a five-year action plan to significantly boost its solid waste treatment capacity and advance the green transition. The plan prioritizes treating waste impacting public and workplace safety and aims to establish a comprehensive, long-term governance framework. Key targets for 2030 include utilizing 4.5 billion tonnes of bulk solid waste and recycling 510 million tonnes of renewable resources annually. **(Xinhua)**