

NEWSLETTER

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China reports steady progress in ecological, environmental quality

China has achieved significant ecological progress during its 14th Five-Year Plan period (2021-2025). The country now operates the world's largest carbon emissions trading market, which has traded over 714 million tonnes of allowances. Key environmental metrics show substantial gains, with the proportion of days with good air quality in major cities reaching 87.2% in 2024, surface water of fairly good quality exceeded 90%. (Xinhua)

Xinjiang launches new power line, boosting green energy transport

Ruoqiang–Lingyang 750 kV power transmission project is the third alternating-current channel in the "Xinjiang Power Export" system. Once finished, it will strengthen the Xinjiang Uygur autonomous region's ability to supply electricity nationwide. The project is part of the 14th Five-Year Plan (2021–25) for power development and is classified as a major interprovincial grid initiative. (Ministry of Ecology and Environment)

Northern provinces lead China's wind, solar generation

Wind and solar accounted for more than a quarter of the electricity generated in seven Chinese provincial-level regions in 2024. Qinghai and Gansu provinces, and Jilin in the northeast were the top three adopters of the two renewable power sources. Combined, they made up 46%, 36% and 33% of the regions' total electricity generation respectively. **(CX Daily)**

China's last big bet on its energy reform in race to cap carbon emissions

China is entering a critical five-year stretch in its race to cap carbon emissions by 2030, part of a sweeping energy transformation that will reshape the world's second-largest economy and reverberate across the global energy landscape. The challenge calls for a break from coal dependency and a leap toward renewable power, advanced technologies and market reforms. (CX Daily)

China's solar sector shows glimmer of relief

China's solar industry has been battered by a supply glut and a protracted price war that has gutted profits across the supply chain. Yet some bright spots are emerging as inventories clear and policymakers intervene to rein in excessive competition. In the first half of 2025, major firms in the solar industry generated 392 billion yuan (50 billion euro) in combined revenue, a 9.7% drop from a year earlier. **(CX Daily)**