

NEWSLETTER

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Central SOEs urged to ramp up digital efforts

China's top state-asset regulator has urged central state-owned enterprises (SOEs) to deepen "AI+" initiatives and speed up digital transformation. Authorities aim for AI penetration in smart terminals and agents to exceed 70% by 2027. Major SOEs including China Mobile and CHN Energy are expanding AI infrastructure, smart factories, and industrial applications to support the country's digital economy strategy. **(China Daily)**

Huawei unveils cutting-edge chip-development framework

Huawei introduced the "Tau Scaling Law", a new semiconductor framework focused on reducing signal propagation time rather than shrinking transistors. The company expects its chips to reach performance equivalent to 1.4-nanometer processes by 2031. The move reflects China's efforts to strengthen domestic semiconductor innovation and reduce reliance on foreign advanced chip technologies. **(China Daily)**

Alibaba Cloud partners with Singapore trade union, data center provider on AI training

Alibaba Cloud partnered with Singapore's National Trades Union Congress and ST Telemedia Global Data Centers to promote generative and agentic artificial intelligence adoption. The initiative will provide AI tools, training and deployment support for up to 1,000 enterprises, developers and students, aiming to strengthen workforce capabilities and accelerate practical AI applications in Singapore. **(Xinhua)**

AI-powered one-person startups rise across China

AI-enabled one-person startups are growing rapidly across China, supported by government incentives and lower operating costs. Using AI tools and outsourcing, individual founders are launching businesses in digital content, e-commerce and technology services. Local authorities are providing subsidies, free office space and computing support to encourage innovation-driven entrepreneurship. **(Xinhua)**

New theory promises to transform chip sector

Huawei has introduced the Tau Scaling Law, a new semiconductor theory focused on improving system-level efficiency rather than shrinking transistors. Experts view it as a potential alternative path for advancing chip performance, helping China reduce reliance on cutting-edge manufacturing equipment and strengthen innovation across the semiconductor supply chain. **(China Daily)**