



**MEDIA STATEMENT
FOR MALAYSIA'S BALANCE OF PAYMENTS STATISTICS
FOURTH QUARTER OF 2020**

Malaysia posted the highest current account surplus after nine years

PUTRAJAYA, 11 FEBRUARY 2021 - The Department of Statistics, Malaysia today releases the ***Balance of Payments Statistics for the Fourth Quarter and Annual 2020*** which presents Malaysia's cross border transactions with 208 countries in the world.

Malaysia's current account continued a surplus by recording RM19.0 billion in the final quarter of 2020, led by the higher net exports of Goods and smaller deficit in Primary income. The cumulative current account balance of all four quarters for 2020 recorded RM62.1 billion, the highest surplus since 2011. The annual higher surplus was steered by the favourable performance of Goods, lower deficit in Primary income and Secondary income.

According to the Chief Statistician, Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin, "The current account surplus in this quarter was principally encouraged by higher net exports of goods at RM42.9 billion. Exports of goods which contributed 91.4 per cent to overall Malaysia's exports recorded RM217.5 billion from RM204.9 billion in the previous quarter. The increase was supported by exports of Palm oil, Rubber and Chemicals based products; primarily to China, Singapore and USA. Similarly, imports of goods surged by 6.9 per cent quarter-on-quarter to record RM174.6 billion. The higher imports contributed by the increase in intermediate, capital and consumption goods mainly from China, Singapore and Japan.

Dato' Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin added, "The current account surplus in the final quarter was also driven by the lower deficit in Primary income. The net deficit of Primary income narrowed to RM7.1 billion as compared to RM9.2 billion in third quarter of 2020. Malaysian companies abroad earned higher income of RM14.6 billion, an increase of 28.5 per cent from the preceding quarter. Companies located in Indonesia, Singapore and USA were the major contributors and mainly in Financial, Manufacturing and Information & communication sectors. Meanwhile, foreign companies in Malaysia also earned higher income of RM21.7 billion and mainly from Manufacturing and Financial sectors."

Nonetheless, Services logged a higher deficit of RM14.2 billion as compared to earlier quarters in 2020 due to Transport, Construction and Travel. Both exports and imports of Services increased by RM0.7 billion and RM1.7 billion to record RM20.5 billion and RM34.7 billion respectively.

“Financial account in this quarter recorded a lower net outflow of RM10.8 billion as against RM35.2 billion last quarter due to the lower outflow in Portfolio investment and Other investment. Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) turned around an inflow of RM6.1 billion from an outflow of RM0.8 billion in the preceding quarter due to higher injection of equity and debt instruments. The FDI inflow was primarily channelled into Manufacturing, Financial and Wholesale & retail trade; particularly from Thailand, Japan and Singapore. Meanwhile, Direct Investment Abroad (DIA) by Malaysian investors registered a net outflow of RM5.4 billion as against RM2.2 billion in the preceding quarter. This was due to higher equity investment abroad and retained earnings in this quarter. Financial, Information & communication and Manufacturing were the major sectors for DIA while the main destinations were Indonesia, Canada and Singapore.” informed the Chief Statistician.

Marking a whole year, Dato’ Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin noted that, “Amid the COVID-19 crisis in 2020, Malaysia has managed to log an encouraging current account surplus which largely supported by net exports of goods at RM139.1 billion. The exports of goods recorded RM778.2 billion mainly in Electrical & electronic, Rubber and Palm oil-based products. Meanwhile, imports of goods posted RM639.1 billion primarily in Electrical & electronic products. The main destinations for both exports and imports were China, Singapore and USA.”

In the meantime, the Services registered a deficit of RM48.0 billion in 2020, the highest deficit ever recorded. This was the repercussion of border closure and travel restrictions in response to contain the COVID-19 virus, thus Travel being the key component of Services was hit severely. The Tourism related activities in Malaysia are still grappling to find ways to sustain their businesses since number of international tourists has nosedived. As such, Travel logged a deficit of RM7.8 billion for the first time in thirty years.

Transport, the second largest contributor in Services recorded a higher deficit of RM27.5 billion compared to RM25.9 billion in 2019. Exports of transports accounted for RM13.4 billion, a decrease of RM8.2 billion from the previous year due to the decline in air passengers. In line with the decrease in tourist arrivals, exports of air passenger declined to RM1.6 billion in 2020 from RM9.8 billion in the preceding year. Meanwhile, lower payments were recorded for freight activities in transport conforming to the decline in imports of goods.

Nevertheless, during this pandemic, the rising demand for online shopping and businesses have led to the increase in exports of courier services under Transport. Apart from that, the new norm of working from home and higher subscriptions of online movies via streaming has increased the imports of Telecommunication, computer and information services.

In terms of income, the Primary income recorded a lower deficit of RM26.2 billion as compared to RM40.3 billion in 2019. Simultaneously, Secondary income account also recorded a lower deficit of RM2.8 billion as against RM21.3 billion in the previous year due to lower outward remittances.

“On the Financial front, this account marked a higher outflow of RM79.1 billion in 2020 as against RM33.8 billion a year ago. This owing to higher outflows in Portfolio assets and Other investment.” informed Chief Statistician Dato’ Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin.

In a statement, he also pointed out that for the year 2020, FDI showed a net inflow of RM13.9 billion as against RM31.7 billion. Although, the FDI flow decreased, the FDI position surged by RM14.4 billion to record RM703.5 billion in 2020. Meanwhile, DIA recorded a net outflow of RM14.1 billion as compared to RM26.1 billion in the previous year.

As at the end 2020, Malaysia’s International Investment Position (IIP) recorded net assets position of RM79.6 billion. The international reserves stood at RM432.2 billion as compared to RM424.0 billion in the preceding year.

Likewise, as other countries globally, Malaysia has gone through a challenging scenario in 2020 due to the pandemic. The country is still battling with the high number of COVID-19 cases. Nonetheless, the reopening of all business sectors with stricter Standard Operating Procedure is expected to further stimulate the economy recovery in 2021.

In regards to the Population and Housing Census of Malaysia 2020, Dato’ Sri Dr. Mohd Uzir Mahidin said that following the implementation of the Movement Control Order announced by the YAB Prime Minister on 11th January 2021, the second phase of Malaysia Population and Housing Census 2020 via face-to-face interview will be rescheduled. Therefore, public who have not completed the census can take the opportunity to fill the online census (e-Census). Further information on the Census 2020 can be obtained through the census portal www.mycensus.gov.my or social media@MyCensus2020.

Chart 1: Current Account Balance, 1985-2020 and Q1 2018 - Q4 2020

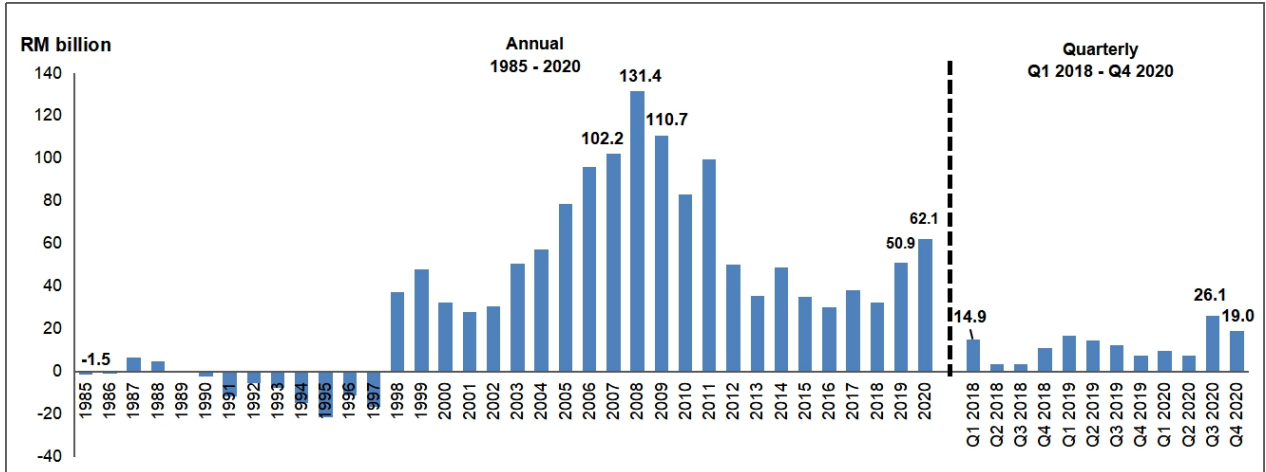


Chart 2: Exports of Services, 1985-2020 and Q1 2018 - Q4 2020

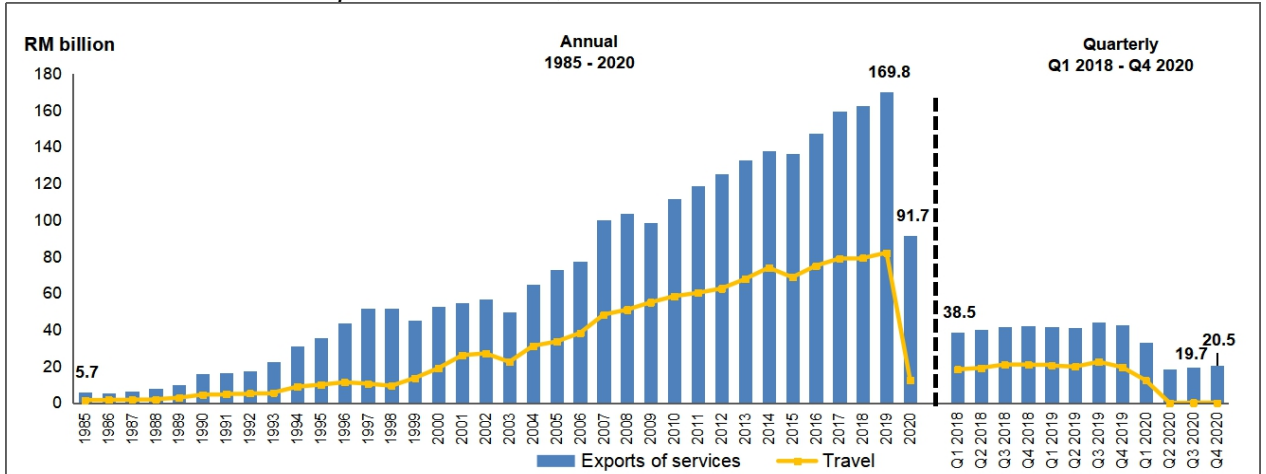


Chart 3: Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in Malaysia Flows and Position, 2005 – 2020 and Q1 2018 – Q4 2020

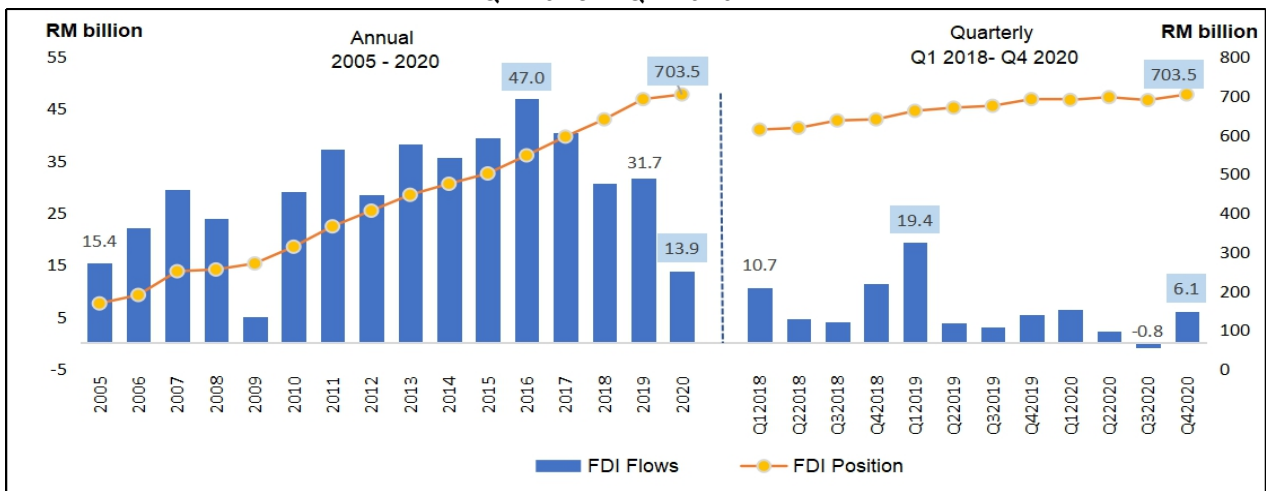
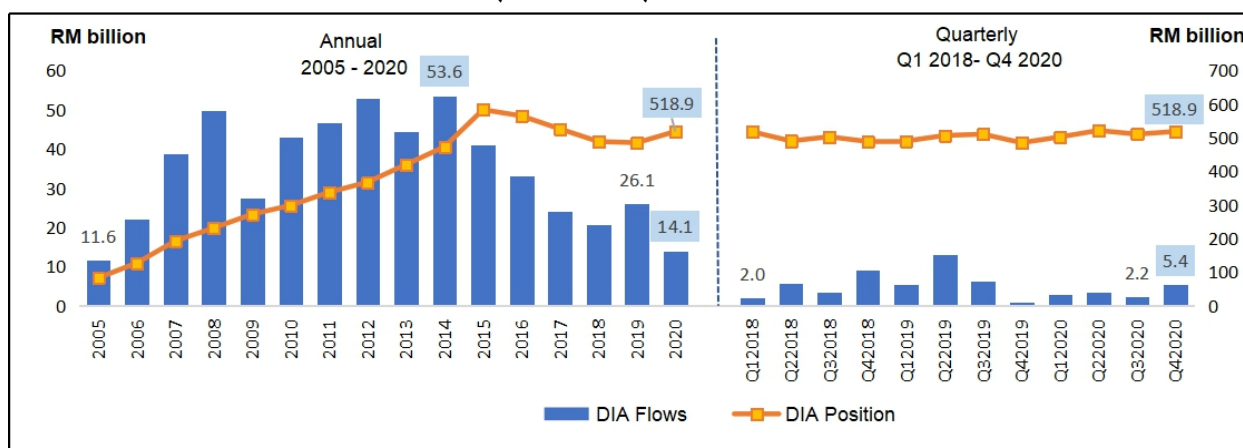


Chart 4: Direct Investment Abroad (DIA) Flows and Position, 2005 – 2020 and Q1 2018 – Q4 2020



Released by:

**THE OFFICE OF CHIEF STATISTICIAN MALAYSIA
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